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Company Profile

Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad (“MPI”) is principally an investment holding company whilst the principal activities engaged by its subsidiaries are that of manufacturing, assembling, testing and sale of integrated circuits, semiconductor devices, electronic components and leadframes to customers worldwide.

MPI is a public listed company and its shares are traded on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.



DIRECTORS

YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San
(Chairman)

Mr Peter Nigel Yates
(Group Managing Director)

YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar

Mr Tan Keok Yin

Ms Lim Tau Kien

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms Joanne Leong Wei Yin
Ms Lee Wui Kien

AUDITORS

KPMG
Level 10, KPMG Tower
8, First Avenue, Bandar Utama
47800 Petaling Jaya
Selangor Darul Ehsan
Tel : 03 - 7721 3388
Fax : 03 - 7721 3399

REGISTRAR

Hong Leong Share Registration Services Sdn Bhd
Level 5, Wisma Hong Leong
18 Jalan Perak
50450 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03 - 2164 1818
Fax : 03 - 2164 3703

REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 9, Wisma Hong Leong
18 Jalan Perak
50450 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03 - 2164 2631
Fax : 03 - 2164 2514

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION/DOMICILE

A public limited liability company,
incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia



Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fifty-second Annual General Meeting of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("the Company") will be held at the Theatre, Level 1, Wisma Hong Leong, 18 Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur on Thursday, 17 October 2013 at 11.00 a.m. in order:

1. To lay before the meeting the audited financial statements together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.
2. To approve the payment of Director fees of RM174,904/- for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 (2012: RM250,000/-), to be divided amongst the Directors in such manner as the Directors may determine. (Resolution 1)
3. To re-elect the following retiring Directors:
 - (a) YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San (Resolution 2)
 - (b) Ms Lim Tau Kien. (Resolution 3)
4. To re-appoint Messrs KPMG as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Resolution 4)

SPECIAL BUSINESS

As special business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following motions:

5. **Ordinary Resolution**
- Authority To Directors To Issue Shares

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue shares in the Company, at any time and from time to time, and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company for the time being and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company." (Resolution 5)
6. **Ordinary Resolution**
- Proposed Shareholders' Mandate On Recurrent Related Party Transactions Of A Revenue Or Trading Nature With Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad ("HLCM") And Persons Connected With HLCM

"THAT approval be and is hereby given for the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature as disclosed in Section 2.3 of Part A of the Circular to Shareholders dated 25 September 2013 ("Circular") with HLCM and persons connected with HLCM as set out in Appendix II of the Circular ("Hong Leong Group"), provided that such transactions are undertaken in the ordinary course of business, on commercial terms which are not more favourable to the Hong Leong Group than those generally available to and/or from the public, where applicable, and are not, in the Company's opinion, detrimental to the minority shareholders and that the aggregate value of the recurrent related party transactions conducted during the financial year is disclosed in the annual report of the Company by providing a breakdown of the aggregate value of the transactions made during the financial year, amongst others, based on the following information:

 - (a) the type of the recurrent related party transactions made; and
 - (b) the names of the related parties involved in each type of the recurrent related party transactions made and their relationship with the Company and/or its subsidiaries;

AND THAT such approval shall continue to be in force until:

 - (i) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed; or

Notice of Annual General Meeting

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- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM of the Company after that date is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 ("Act") (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the Act); or
- (iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting,

whichever is the earlier;

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to complete and to do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary or in the interest of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this ordinary resolution."

(Resolution 6)

7. Ordinary Resolution

- Proposed Establishment Of An Executive Share Grant Scheme

"THAT, subject to the requisite approvals being obtained, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised:

- (a) to establish and administer an executive share grant scheme ("Scheme") for the benefit of eligible executives and/or Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Eligible Executives") under which grants of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each (unless otherwise adjusted) in the Company ("Shares") will be offered to the Eligible Executives without any consideration payable by the Eligible Executives in accordance with the provisions of the bye-laws referred to in Part B of the Circular to Shareholders dated 25 September 2013 ("Bye-Laws");
- (b) from time to time to issue and allot such number of new Shares ("New Shares") and/or to transfer existing Shares ("Transferred Shares") to Eligible Executives upon vesting of Shares pursuant to grants under the Scheme, provided that the aggregate number of Shares comprised in any options and/or grants (whether in exercised and/or unexercised options, outstanding and/or completed grants and unexpired offers pending acceptances) under all executive share schemes established by the Company which are still subsisting does not exceed 10% of the total issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company at any point in time during the existence of the Scheme and that the New Shares shall, upon issuance and allotment, rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company, except that the New Shares will not rank for any dividend, right, entitlement or distribution ("Rights") in respect of which the record date precedes the allotment date of the New Shares; and for Transferred Shares, such shares shall be transferred together with all Rights in respect of which the record date is on or after the transfer date; and such New Shares and Transferred Shares will be subject to all the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company relating to transfer, transmission and otherwise;
- (c) to make the necessary applications to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and to take whatever necessary actions at the appropriate time or times for permission to deal in and for listing of and quotation for the New Shares which may from time to time be issued and allotted pursuant to the Scheme; and
- (d) to modify and/or amend the Scheme from time to time provided that such modification and/or amendment is effected in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws, to assent to any condition, modification, variation and/or amendment that may be required by the relevant authorities, and to do all such acts and enter into all such transactions, arrangements, agreements or undertakings, impose such terms and conditions or delegate such part of their powers as may be necessary or expedient in order to give full effect to the Scheme;

AND THAT the existing executive share option scheme of the Company established on 8 March 2013 ("Existing ESOS"), together with the Scheme be and is forthwith re-named as 'Executive Share Scheme';

AND THAT the bye-laws of the Existing ESOS be and are hereby amended to incorporate the Scheme to form a consolidated bye-laws governing the Executive Share Scheme, as set out in Appendix IV of the Circular to Shareholders dated 25 September 2013."

(Resolution 7)

Notice of Annual General Meeting

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8. **Ordinary Resolution**
- Proposed Allocation Of Grants To Mr Peter Nigel Yates

"THAT, subject to the passing of Resolution 7 above, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company, from time to time, to offer to Mr Peter Nigel Yates, the Group Managing Director of the Company, grants comprising such number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each (unless otherwise adjusted) in the Company under the executive share grant scheme as they shall deem fit PROVIDED THAT not more than 10% of the Maximum Aggregate, the "Maximum Aggregate" being defined in the Bye-Laws as an amount equivalent to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company at any one time, are allotted to him if he, either singly or collectively through persons connected with him, holds 20% or more of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company subject always to such terms and conditions and/or any adjustment which may be made in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-Laws."

(Resolution 8)

9. **Ordinary Resolution**
- Proposed Renewal Of Authority For The Purchase Of Own Shares By The Company

"THAT, subject to the Companies Act, 1965 ("Act"), rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act, provisions of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and any other relevant authority, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to make purchases of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company's issued and paid-up ordinary share capital on Bursa Securities subject further to the following:

- (a) the maximum number of shares which may be purchased and/or held by the Company shall be equivalent to ten per centum (10%) of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company ("Shares") for the time being;
- (b) the maximum fund to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the Shares shall not exceed the retained profits and/or the share premium account of the Company (As of 30 June 2013, the audited retained profits and share premium of the Company were RM237.76 million and RM249.95 million respectively); and
- (c) the authority conferred by the resolution as set out in paragraphs (a) and (b) above will commence immediately upon passing of this ordinary resolution and will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, unless earlier revoked or varied by ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting or the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after that date is required by law to be held, whichever occurs first and, in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities or any other relevant authority;

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to take all such steps as are necessary or expedient to implement or to effect the purchase(s) of the Shares;

AND the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to deal with any Shares so purchased and any existing treasury shares ("Said Shares") in the following manner:

- (i) cancel the Said Shares;
- (ii) retain the Said Shares as treasury shares;
- (iii) retain part of the Said Shares as treasury shares and cancel the remainder;
- (iv) distribute all or part of the Said Shares as dividends to shareholders, and/or resell on Bursa Securities and/or cancel all or part of them,

or in any other manner as may be prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authority for the time being in force; AND THAT the authority to deal with the Said Shares shall continue to be valid until all the Said Shares have been dealt with by the Directors of the Company."

(Resolution 9)

Notice of Annual General Meeting

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10. Special Resolution

- Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association Of The Company

" THAT the deletions, alterations, modifications, variations and additions to the Articles of Association of the Company as set out in Appendix VI of the Circular to Shareholders dated 25 September 2013 be and are hereby approved."

(Resolution 10)

11. To consider any other business of which due notice shall have been given.

By Order of the Board

Joanne Leong Wei Yin
Lee Wui Kien
Company Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur
25 September 2013

Notes

1. For the purpose of determining members' eligibility to attend this meeting, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 10 October 2013 shall be entitled to attend this meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and vote on their behalf.
2. Save for a member who is an exempt authorised nominee, a member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provision of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company. A member who is an authorised nominee may appoint not more than two proxies in respect of each securities account it holds. A member who is an exempt authorised nominee for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account") may appoint any number of proxies in respect of the Omnibus Account.
3. Where two or more proxies are appointed, the proportions of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies, failing which the appointments shall be invalid.
4. The Form of Proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at Level 9, Wisma Hong Leong, 18 Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur not less than 48 hours before the time and date of the meeting or adjourned meeting.

Explanatory Notes

1. Resolution 5 - Authority To Directors To Issue Shares

The proposed ordinary resolution, if passed, will give a renewed mandate to the Directors of the Company to issue ordinary shares of the Company from time to time provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company for the time being ("Renewed Mandate"). The Renewed Mandate, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the last Annual General Meeting held on 16 October 2012 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Fifty-second Annual General Meeting.

The Renewed Mandate will enable the Directors to take swift action in case of, inter alia, a need for corporate exercises or in the event business opportunities or other circumstances arise which involve the issue of new shares, and to avoid delay and cost in convening general meetings to approve such issue of shares.

2. Resolution 6 - Proposed Shareholders' Mandate On Recurrent Related Party Transactions Of A Revenue Or Trading Nature ("Proposed Shareholders' Mandate")

The proposed ordinary resolution, if passed, will empower the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary for the day-to-day operations of the MPI Group, subject to the transactions being in the ordinary course of business and on terms which are not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to and/or from the public and are not, in the Company's opinion, detrimental to the minority shareholders of the Company.



Notice of Annual General Meeting

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3. Executive Share Grant Scheme

a. Resolution 7 - Proposed Establishment Of An Executive Share Grant Scheme ("Proposed ESGS")

The proposed ordinary resolution, if passed, will allow the Company to establish the Proposed ESGS for eligible executives and/or Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Eligible Executives") and provide the Company with the flexibility to determine the most appropriate instrument or combination of instruments to be granted to the Eligible Executives as part of its efforts to motivate, reward and retain Eligible Executives. Once the Proposed ESGS is approved, the Proposed ESGS together with the existing executive share option scheme of the Company which will expire on 7 March 2023 shall be renamed as Executive Share Scheme ("ESS"). The aggregate maximum number of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each (unless otherwise adjusted) in the Company ("Shares") under the ESS shall not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company at any one time.

b. Resolution 8 - Proposed Allocation Of Grants To Mr Peter Nigel Yates ("Proposed Allocation")

The proposed ordinary resolution, if passed, will allow the Directors of the Company to offer to Mr Peter Nigel Yates, the Group Managing Director of the Company, grants comprising such number of Shares under the Proposed ESGS.

4. Resolution 9 - Proposed Renewal Of Authority For The Purchase Of Own Shares By The Company

The proposed ordinary resolution, if passed, will empower the Directors to exercise the power of the Company to purchase its own shares ("Proposed Share Buyback") up to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company by utilising its financial resources not immediately required. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

5. Resolution 10 - Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association Of The Company ("Proposed Amendments")

The proposed special resolution, if passed, will ensure clarity and enable the Company to align the Articles of Association of the Company with the amendments to the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Detailed information on the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate, Proposed ESGS, Proposed Allocation, Proposed Share Buyback and Proposed Amendments are set out in the Circular to Shareholders/Share Buyback Statement dated 25 September 2013 which is despatched together with the Company's Annual Report.

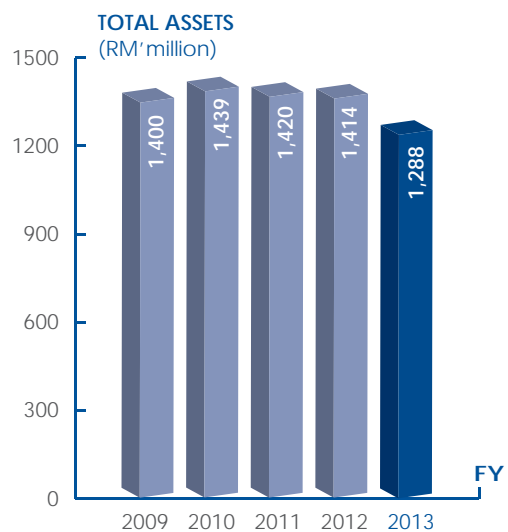
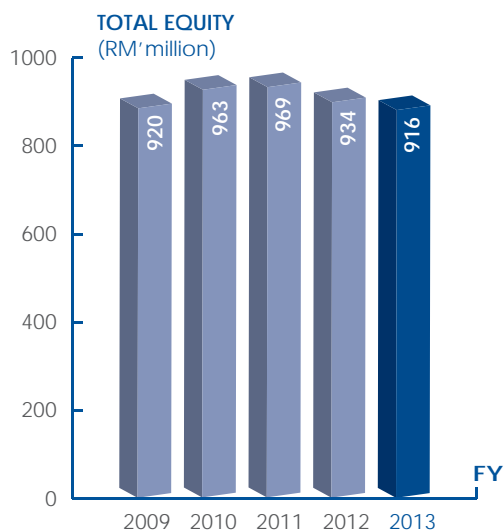
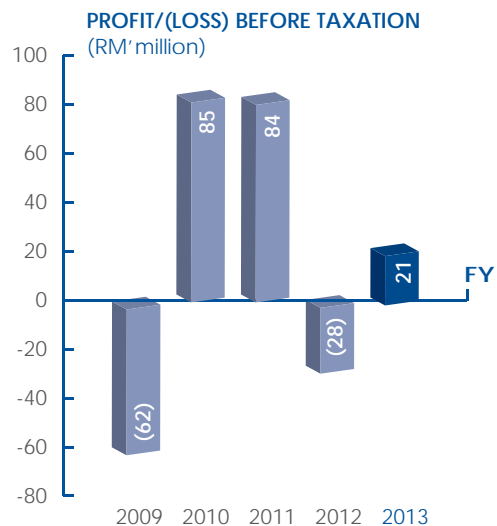
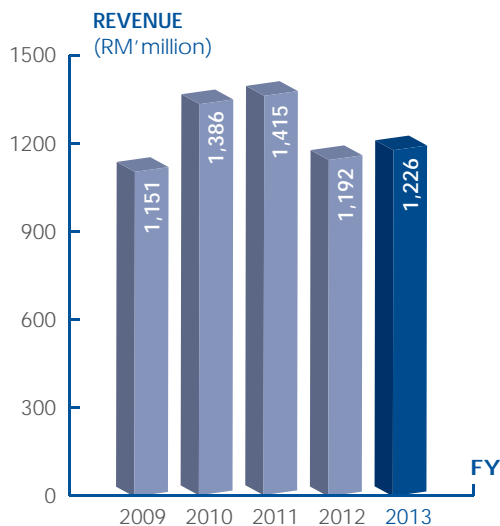
Statement Accompanying Notice Of Annual General Meeting (Pursuant to Paragraph 8.27(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad)

- Details of individuals who are standing for election as Directors

No individual is seeking election as a Director at the Fifty-second Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Group Financial Highlights

RM'million	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Revenue	1,151	1,386	1,415	1,192	1,226
Profit/(loss) before taxation	(62)	85	84	(28)	21
Profit/(loss) attributable owners of the company	(40)	105	59	(20)	11
Net earnings/(loss) per share (sen)	(20)	54	30	(10)	6
Net dividend per share (sen)	20	25	20	10	9
Total Equity	920	963	969	934	916
Total assets	1,400	1,439	1,420	1,414	1,288
Capital expenditure	129	190	241	203	97





Directors' Profile

YBHG DATUK KWEK LENG SAN

Chairman; Non-Executive/Non-Independent

Datuk Kwek Leng San, aged 58, a Singaporean, graduated from University of London with a Bachelor of Science (Engineering) degree. He also holds a Master of Science (Finance) degree from City University London. He has extensive business experience in various business sectors, including financial services and manufacturing.

Datuk Kwek is the Chairman of MPI. He was appointed to the Board of Directors ("Board") of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI") on 27 July 1990 and subsequently as the Group Managing Director of MPI from September 1990 to August 1993. He was appointed as the Executive Chairman of MPI on 20 July 1999. He is a member of the Nominating Committee of MPI.

He is the Chairman of Hong Leong Industries Berhad, Narra Industries Berhad ("Narra") and Southern Steel Berhad and a Director of Hong Leong Bank Berhad, companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). He is also a Director of Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad and Hong Leong Foundation.

MR PETER NIGEL YATES

Group Managing Director/Non-Independent

Mr Peter Nigel Yates, aged 57, a British citizen, graduated from University of Wales, United Kingdom, with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Electronic Engineering. He also holds a Diploma in Management from University of Coventry, United Kingdom.

He has extensive experience of more than 30 years in the semiconductor industry and has managed large-scale semiconductor manufacturing operations in Asia, the United States of America and Europe, in a wide variety of situations, from state-of-the-art technology to mature high volume/low cost activities, from turnaround situations to joint-venture start-ups and from plant closures to expansions and new construction.

Mr Peter Yates joined the MPI Group as Managing Director of Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd on 1 December 2008 and was subsequently appointed as the Group Managing Director of MPI on 1 November 2009. He does not sit on any committee of MPI.

YBHG DATUK SYED ZAID BIN SYED JAFFAR ALBAR

Non-Executive Director/Independent

Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar, aged 59, a Malaysian, graduated with a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree in Law in the United Kingdom and qualified as a Barrister-at-Law from Lincoln's Inn. He has been in active legal practice for more than 30 years. Presently, he is the managing partner of a law firm in Kuala Lumpur.

Datuk Syed Zaid was appointed to the Board of MPI on 7 July 1994. He is the Chairman of the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee and a member of the Nominating Committee of MPI.

He is a Director of Narra and Malaysia Building Society Berhad, companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities. He is also a Director of Motorsports Association of Malaysia.

MR TAN KEOK YIN

Non-Executive Director/Independent

Mr Tan Keok Yin, aged 69, a Malaysian, graduated from the University of Malaya with a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree in Economics in 1966. He also completed a Management Program at the University of California, Berkeley in 1984 and a Program in International Boards and Directors at the Swedish Academy of Directors, Stockholm in 1995. He worked in Bank Negara Malaysia from 1966-1977, during which period he was sent to assist the Penang State Government on economic and industrial planning and also to the Ministry of Trade and Industry on trade promotion. In 1977, he joined the Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers (FMM) as Deputy Director and was appointed Chief Executive Officer in 1981 till 1999. He served on various Government Boards and Committees and participated actively as speaker and panellist in the World Economic Forum, ASEAN Economic Cooperation meetings and other international business forums. He was also a Management Board member of GS1 (one Global System) located in Brussels, an international body that develops and promotes the GS1 standards of article numbering and bar coding and electronic communication worldwide.

Mr Tan was appointed to the Board of MPI on 3 July 1995. He is the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee of MPI.

He is a Director of GuocoLand (Malaysia) Berhad, a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities.

MS LIM TAU KIEN

Non-Executive Director/Independent

Ms Lim Tau Kien, aged 57, a Malaysian, graduated with a Bachelor of Accountancy from the University of Glasgow Faculty of Law and is a Chartered Accountant registered with the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland.

Ms Lim forged her early career with Ernst & Young, United Kingdom, before joining the Ministry of Finance and Prime Minister's Department as a Federal Accountant. Subsequently, she moved to Shell where she held various senior financial positions over a period of 25 years, her last position being the Country Chief Financial Officer/Country Controller/Finance Director of the Shell Companies in China.

Ms Lim was appointed to the Board of MPI on 1 July 2013 and is a member of the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee of MPI.

She is also a Director of Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad, a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities, and a Director of UEM Group Berhad.

Notes

1. Family Relationship with Director and/or Major Shareholder

YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San is a brother of YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan and Mr Quek Leng Chye, both major shareholders of MPI. Save as disclosed herein, none of the Directors has any family relationship with any other Director and/or major shareholder of MPI.

2. Conflict of Interest

None of the Directors has any conflict of interest with MPI.

3. Conviction of Offences

None of the Directors has been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years.

4. Attendance of Directors

Details of Board meeting attendance of each Director are disclosed in the Statement on Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control in the Annual Report.

Chairman's Statement



On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 ("FY 2013").

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

The semiconductor industry continued to experience a challenging environment with very modest growth due to slow reform in the US economy, continuing weakness in the Eurozone and a slowdown in the China market. Despite the overall modest growth in the industry, the Group achieved a better result through the planned shift to higher margin products, lower cost base manufacturing techniques and lower material costs arising from declining commodity prices.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue for FY 2013 was RM1,226.3 million, 3% higher than the previous financial year ended 30 June 2012 ("FY 2012"). The FY 2013 went through an uneven path but ended the financial year with a very strong growth in the final quarter. The Group reported a profit attributable to owners of RM10.9 million despite a modest revenue growth, registering a massive favourable swing of RM30.7 million against a loss attributable to owners of RM19.8 million in FY 2012.

Healthy cash flow generated from the operations enabled the Group to invest RM97 million into new plant and equipment for future growth, reduce debts by RM21 million and declare a dividend payout to the shareholders of the Company of RM17 million.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENT

Amkor Technology, Inc. ("Amkor") filed a complaint with the International Trade Commission ("ITC") on 17 November 2003 alleging Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd, Carsem Semiconductor Sdn Bhd (now known as Recams Sdn Bhd) and Carsem Inc. (collectively "Carsem Group") of infringing three of Amkor's US Patents. Amkor also filed a civil lawsuit at the District Court on even date alleging Carsem Group of infringement of the same three patents which are the subject of the ITC Investigation.

After several years of investigations, the ITC had, on 20 July 2010, issued the final determination and found that the claims of Amkor's patents are invalid and not infringed and that Carsem Group had not violated the Tariff Act by importing the Micro Leadframe Package (MLP) products which Amkor had accused of infringement ("ITC's Decision").

Amkor appealed against ITC's Decision to the Court of Appeals of the Federal Circuit ("CAFC").

The parties have requested the District Judge continue to stay all proceedings in the District Court case pending the final outcome of the ITC proceedings. The District Court continued the Stay Order.

On 22 August 2012, the CAFC reversed the ITC's determination on prior invention and remanded the case to the ITC for further proceedings consistent with the decision. Carsem Group has on 5 October 2012 filed a petition for rehearing at the CAFC.

The CAFC has denied Carsem Group's petition for rehearing of the appeal. The case has been remanded to the ITC for further proceedings consistent with the CAFC's decision.

Carsem Group filed a request with the US Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") for re-examination of Amkor's '277 patent on 15 September 2012. On 10 January 2013, the PTO issued an Office Action rejecting all 25 claims of the patent on multiple grounds. By the 15 August 2013, both Amkor and Carsem Group had filed their responses which are currently under consideration by the PTO.

On 5 February 2013, the parties filed their response submissions concerning the remand proceedings with the ITC. Further briefings were filed by both parties on 16 July 2013. ITC has not set a date for its review of the briefing and has not identified the further proceedings it intends to undertake thereafter.

FUTURE AND PROSPECTS

Going forward, the industry is not expected to see strong growth in the near future and the business environment will remain challenging due to slow recovery in the global economies. Therefore, the management will continue to focus on new packages development, strategic business portfolio re-alignment and cost saving projects to maintain the Group's positive results.

DIVIDEND

The Company declared and paid a first and second interim dividend of 5.4 sen per share less tax and 5.0 sen per share tax exempt respectively during FY 2013. The Board does not recommend any final dividend for the FY 2013.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to each and every member of the Group for their contribution, commitments and dedication to the Group.

Our appreciation also goes to our valued customers, business associates, vendors, financiers, shareholders and the Government for their continuous support and confidence in the Group.

DATUK KWEK LENG SAN
Chairman



Group Managing Director's Review



INDUSTRY REVIEW

The financial year ended 30 June 2013 ("FY 2013") was a financial year of performance turnaround for Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI"). Revenues increased modestly by 3%, the Group returned to profitability, and profit attributable to equity holders increased to RM10.9 million. With general semiconductor industry demand increasing by only 0.6%, this improvement in performance was being driven by targeting higher margin product sectors, coupled with a strong drive on productivity and asset utilisation.

OPERATING SEGMENT REVIEW

Asia sales remained steady and now represents 47% of the Group revenues. We have continued actively to target the growing smartphone and tablet market. Over one third of our output is shipping into these two key applications. We have a well-established position in the top 2 industry-leading brands, and more recently have also started shipping into the rapidly growing China smartphone market. The Group now has a very strong presence in the accelerometer and advanced display driver businesses. This growth has been sufficient to offset both a small decline in leadframe sales in the region as well as the continuing weakness in the personal computer and consumer business.

United States of America ("USA") sales grew markedly by 20%, representing 29% of the Group revenues. We now have a leading position in radio frequency ("RF") front-end modules, with important design wins with several key industry players. Once again, it is the presence of these modules in smartphones and tablets that is driving demand. However, we do expect this to accelerate as RF-enabled devices are increasingly adopted into the home in the form of routers, smart TVs and other devices connected via the internet.

European sales declined further by 7% and now represents 24% of the Group revenues. The macro-economic picture in the Eurozone remained fragile with industrial sales declining the most. Despite this, there were some signs of improvement in the final quarter of FY 2013 that may signal a long-overdue recovery is imminent. Automotive sales remained flat. However, we have been working closely with key players and have secured design wins in new custom automotive products which will bring additional volume in the coming financial year ending 30 June 2014 ("FY 2014") and beyond.



OPERATION REVIEW

Carsem Semiconductor (Suzhou) Co., Ltd ("Carsem Suzhou") had another record year, with combined shipments to all segments rising by 21% as compared with the previous financial year ended 30 June 2012. Production has now commenced in the second phase building, which has the space to allow capacity ultimately to be increased by a factor of four to 20 million units/day. Equipment utilisation is high, and this is therefore a very cost-effective plant, concentrating on high added-value turnkey Micro Leadframe Package ("MLP"). We have been successful in balancing the customer portfolio by targeting accounts outside Greater China, which now comprise 61% of the portfolio as compared with 48% one year ago. With a strong portfolio of advanced technology, a balanced customer portfolio and room to expand quickly, Carsem Suzhou is extremely well-positioned for future growth.

Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd ("Carsem (M)") has completed a year of consolidation, exiting a number of legacy lines to concentrate resources onto its targeted high-margin portfolio of leaded high density, MLP and turnkey test business. Together, these three segments comprised 76% of revenue by year end. Indeed, test revenues now comprise 14% of total Carsem (M) revenues, a substantial shift from earlier years. We have furthermore consolidated our customer portfolio, from over 100 two years ago to around 60 today. 90% of our business now comes from the top 20 customers. We believe this represents an optimum – few enough to ensure top customers receive the attention this service industry requires, without Carsem (M) becoming over-dependent on any one specific customer. These consolidation actions taken together with the productivity programme and the drive to maximise utilisation will further enhance profitability of Carsem (M) in the coming year.

Dynacraft Industries Sdn Bhd has had a challenging year, with strong competitive pressures squeezing both volumes and margins. Stamped leadframe sales in particular continue to decline. Nevertheless, the operating loss reduced as commodity prices weakened during FY 2013 and productivity improvements and reductions in overhead cost and administrative expenses provided further savings. The team continues to focus on driving yield performance of the etching lines. Given the decline in traditional stamped leadframe sales, the directors have decided to take a one-time goodwill write-off of RM12.4 million.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Carsem Technology Centre has developed a new range of breakthrough products in the form of ultra-thin packages (less than 0.35 mm) targeted at next generation mobile devices. This is a development of the so-called "X3" technology from applications in single-die transient voltage suppressors to full multi-die RF capable products using specialised and patented bonding techniques. These devices offer significant advantages over competitive wafer level chip scale packages in terms of speed, cost and reliability. Carsem's technology reputation has been further enhanced by having 10 technical papers accepted for the Semicon Shanghai Symposium, and by being invited to host the industry's prestigious bi-annual IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) conference, with 100 papers presented by over 400 international participants. As our industry reputation for leading-edge solutions is building, so are the sales from these new technologies. The last 3 years of technology releases already account for 15% of Carsem sales.

OUTLOOK

The general economic outlook for the semiconductor industry remains modest, with most forecasters not anticipating significant pick-up until 2014. Nevertheless, the Group is well-positioned to benefit from any resumption in growth, with a strong position in today's leading growth markets, under-pinned with a growing presence in the more stable automotive markets, and supported by well-tuned factories. We are therefore looking to grow faster than the industry-average, and expect the performance of the Group to improve further in the FY 2014.

PETER NIGEL YATES
Group Managing Director



Corporate Social Responsibility

The Group believes that serving our communities is not only integral to running a business successfully --- it is also part of our individual responsibilities as citizens of the world. We continue to support communities in ways that enhance the company's reputation with employees, customers, business partners and other stakeholders.

Guided by our company value on Social Responsibility, we are committed to meeting the highest standards of corporate citizenship. The Group aims to ensure the health and safety of our employees and all who are affected by our business operations. We are also committed to protecting the environment. We are committed as a company and as individuals to comply with the laws, respect the cultures, and to have a positive impact on the lives of the people in the communities where we conduct our businesses.

The Group sees Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") beyond its core mission. The Group contributes significantly to the socio-economic development of the nation by promoting education, providing aid to marginalised communities, supporting and developing local talent, preserving the environment and practicing sustainable supply-chain in its operations. The nature of business also requires the compliance with international standard known as EICC (Electronic Industry Coalition Citizenship).

Below is our commitment to each of the focus areas under the Group's CSR:

WORKPLACE

The Group is committed to upholding the human rights of our employees and treating them with dignity and respect. To maintain our market leadership in delivering innovative solutions, the Group consistently strives to create an inspiring and effective working environment.

The Group also aims to ensure that the health, safety, and welfare of our employees are well taken care of all the time. To honour this, we will always fully accept our responsibility towards employees who may be affected by our activities. Some examples of these are:

- Provision of health and safety equipment at all the plants within the Group.
- Health awareness programmes which include annual blood donation drives, health talks and physical health checks.
- A commitment to Health and Safety through the OHSAS 18001 accreditation.
- Setting up of an in-house medical clinic facility manned by visiting doctor in large factories e.g. at Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd.
- A comprehensive staff benefit and welfare scheme.

The Group identifies and hires local talent through the Hong Leong Group Graduate Development Programme – a programme of hiring local fresh graduates to undergo a training programme for 2 years. This programme aims to identify and develop young graduates into engineering talents to support the growth of the Group. It entails classroom training, on-the-job familiarisation, learning assignments as well as mentoring.



Additionally, the Group provides opportunities for undergraduates to gain industrial training through structured internship programme e.g. Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd hosted more than 20 undergraduates each year. The Group also has structured training programmes on management/leadership skills and technical/functional skills which are conducted throughout the year.

For the non-executives, various in-house and external programmes were conducted to enhance their technical competencies as well as supervisory skills in order to develop a competent workforce that is knowledgeable and highly motivated. More than 60% of these employees attended at least 16 hours of training.

Since its founding, the Group has demonstrated an on-going commitment to people and to fair employment practices. As the Group has grown and expanded, its work force has become more diverse. The Group believes that this diverse work force helps the organisation realise its full potential. We benefit from the creativity and innovation that result from our people who have different experiences, perspectives and cultures working together. This is contributing positively to the new product development which is differentiating the Group from its competitors.

This is what drives innovation and high performance at the Group as proven by its track record as well as numerous awards and accolades that the Group receives over the years. We believe that a well-managed, diverse work force expands the Group's base of knowledge, skills and cross-cultural understanding, which in turn, enables us to understand, relate and respond to our diverse and changing customers, and connecting them to the power of technology. Our overall commitment is reflected in our diversity and inclusion philosophy.

Consistent with our Best Work Environment practices, we maintain a work environment free from discrimination, one where employees are treated with dignity, honour and respect. We also comply with all applicable international and local laws pertaining to non-discrimination and equal opportunity. This is evidenced by the diverse ethnic and social backgrounds of members, staff and clients. All job applicants, employees, members, and clients receive equal treatment regardless of race, gender, religion, ethnic or national origins. These form part of the requirements in the EICC standard that is auditable by our customers.

ENVIRONMENT

Our objective is to achieve high standards in environmental management and preservation, by examining our business and operations, and taking active steps to reduce environmental impact wherever possible. These include:

- minimising any adverse impact our activities may have on the environment
- minimising the consumption of resources wherever possible
- considering the environment when procuring goods and services
- promoting waste reduction, re-use and recovery
- complying with legislation and wherever possible exceed legislative requirements

We are passionate about the environment and committed to reducing the carbon footprint of our growing business. We promote a culture of environmental awareness and engagement amongst our staff and our supply base.

Our environmental initiatives include smart and careful consumption of resources, use of water, emissions to air, waste generation, energy use, and procurement processes. We are passionately committed to minimising our environmental impact and encouraging greater sustainability throughout our business. As part of ISO1400, these have been reviewed consistently by management.

Our commitment to the environment has guided us to continually strive to reduce our already minimised waste in all our manufacturing plants and offer more environmentally friendly and sustainable operations. Guided by our environmental principles, we consider the environment throughout all aspects of our business, from our supply chain, to delivery.



MARKETPLACE

For many years now, the Group has had in place internally generated best practices to ensure the economic sustainability of all its companies. Some of these best practices are:

- An established Financial Management Discipline intended to drive excellence in financial management with the objective of preserving and enhancing the quality of the business as an on-going concern.
- An established Enterprise Risk Management structure to ensure that a systematic process and delegation of responsibility are clearly set out to guide management.
- A strict code of business conduct and ethics which the Group abides by in all types of transactions and interactions.
- Financial reports which contain disclosures that are timely, true and fair.
- In choosing its directors, the Group seeks individuals of high integrity, have shareholder orientation and a genuine interest in their respective company's businesses. They are tasked with the responsibility of exercising their business judgment to act in what they reasonably believe to be in the best interest of the company and the shareholders they represent.
- The strict practice of responsible selling and marketing of products and services, in a global market that is increasingly becoming more aggressive and competitive.

The Group has a firm commitment to the highest standards of business ethics and integrity throughout our company. These standards are reflected in our associated policies, and wherever these policies require a higher standard than local practice or applicable laws, we adhere to the higher standards set in Group policies. All employees are required to acknowledge the Code of Ethics developed as guidance to conduct business.

COMMUNITY

The Group conducts most of its philanthropic activities through Hong Leong Foundation, the charitable arm of the Hong Leong Group.

Incorporated in 1992, Hong Leong Foundation is a corporate foundation driven by the interest and passion of the Hong Leong Group Malaysia. It is funded by contributions from the Hong Leong Group Malaysia companies and is thus effectively its charitable arm through which most of the Group's philanthropic activities are conducted. It has an annual budget of RM5 million and has the following programmes in place to address its primary concern----poverty in Malaysia:

- Addressing Basic Needs – donations to provide adequate food and clean water, shelter, and clothing
- Towards Self Sufficiency:
 - Tertiary Scholarship Programme
 - After School Care Programme
- Building Infrastructure:
 - School Building Fund
 - Community Building Fund

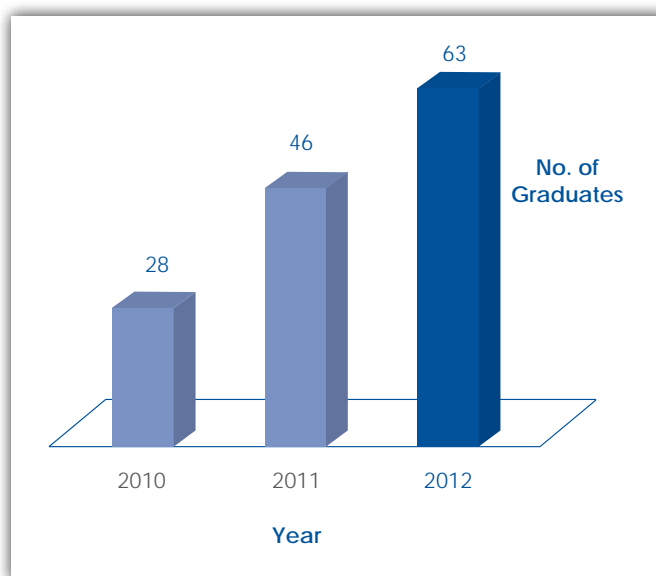
COMMUNITY cont'd

The total funds disbursed in the financial year ended 30 June 2013 were RM4.1 million benefiting 20 charity organisations. During the year, the Foundation awarded RM3.5 million in scholarships to benefit 67 high performing school leavers, all of whom are from financially-challenged families. Because gaps of opportunity exist along the entire spectrum of education development, the Foundation has set up a comprehensive programme to empower their scholars: enrichment camps and workshops, internships, mentorships, and other supports to help them excel in their formative years at university and beyond.

Since 1993, Hong Leong Foundation has awarded more than RM22.6 million in scholarships to 1,126 scholars via its scholarship programmes for diplomas, degrees or vocational training.

Education Level	Hong Leong Foundation Scholarship		Hong Leong Group Scholarship Award	
	Scholarship Value	Number of Awards	Scholarship Value	Number of Awards
Undergraduate (3+0 Twinning Programme)	Up to RM24,000	13	Up to RM12,000 (including overseas courses)	4
Undergraduate (Local University)	RM8,500	49	RM7,000	9
Diploma (Local College/Institute)	RM6,000	5	RM4,000	7
Pre-University	Not Available	Not Available	RM1,500	9

Hong Leong Foundation Scholarship Graduates by Year:



In addition, Academic Excellence Award was given to children of employees who achieved excellent results in major public examinations. The Group together with its employees have contributed more than RM20,000 to charity organisations.

This Statement of Corporate Social Responsibility is made accordance with the resolution of the Board of Director.

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

“Corporate Governance is the process and structure used to direct and manage the business and affairs of the Company towards enhancing business prosperity and corporate accountability with the ultimate objective of realising long term shareholder value, whilst taking into account the interest of other stakeholders.”

~ Finance Committee on Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors (“Board”) has reviewed the manner in which the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 (the “Code”) is applied in the Group as set out below. The Board is pleased to report compliance of the Group with the principles and recommendations as set out in the Code except where otherwise stated.

A. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board assumes responsibility for effective stewardship and control of the Company and has established terms of reference (“TOR”) to assist in the discharge of this responsibility.

The roles and responsibilities of the Board are set out in the Board Charter which is published on the Company's website, and broadly cover formulation of corporate policies and strategies; overseeing and evaluating the conduct of the Group's businesses; identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage those risks; and reviewing and approving key matters such as financial results, investments and divestments, acquisitions and disposals, and major capital expenditure.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Group Managing Director, which are distinct and separate.

The Chairman ensures the smooth and effective functioning of the Board.

The Group Managing Director is responsible for implementing the policies and decisions of the Board, overseeing the day-to-day operations, setting the plan and direction, benchmark and targets for operating companies, tracking compliance and business progress, initiating innovative business ideas to create competitive edge and development of business and corporate strategies with the aim of enhancing shareholder wealth.

The Board is supported by qualified and competent Company Secretaries.

The Group continues to operate in a sustainable manner and seeks to contribute positively to the well being of stakeholders. The Group's key corporate social responsibility activities are set out in the Corporate Social Responsibility Statement of this Annual Report.

The Board observes the Company Directors' Code of Ethics established by the Companies Commission of Malaysia. In addition, the Group also has a Code of Ethics that sets out sound principles and standards of good practice which are observed by the employees.

B. BOARD COMPOSITION

The Board comprises five (5) directors, three (3) of whom are non-executive and independent. The profiles of the members of the Board are provided in the Annual Report.

The Company is guided by the Policy on Board Composition adopted by the Company in determining its board composition. The Policy includes the following:

- The Board shall determine the appropriate size of the board to enable an efficient and effective conduct of board deliberation.
- The Board shall have a balance of skills and experience that commensurate with the complexity, size, scope and operations of the Company and shall have an appropriate balance of independent directors comprising at least one third of the board.
- The Board shall also include a balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors.
- Board members should have the ability to commit time and effort to carry out duties and responsibilities effectively.
- The Board recognises the merits of Board diversity in adding value to collective skills, perspectives and strengths to the Board.



Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

cont'd

B. BOARD COMPOSITION *cont'd*

The Board will consider appropriate targets in Board diversity including gender balance on the Board and will take the necessary measures to meet these targets from time to time as appropriate.

The Board is of the view that the current size and composition of the Board are appropriate and effective for the control and direction of the Group's business. The composition of the Board also fairly reflects the investment of shareholders in the Company.

C. BOARD COMMITTEES

Board Committees have been established by the Board to assist in the discharge of its duties.

I Board Audit & Risk Management Committee ("BARMC")

The composition of the BARMC, its TOR and a summary of its activities are set out in the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report of this Annual Report.

II Nominating Committee ("NC")

The NC has been established on 29 April 2013 and the members are as follows:

Mr Tan Keok Yin
Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar
Independent Non-Executive Director

YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San
Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

The NC's functions and responsibilities are set out in the TOR as follows:

- To review and propose to the Board, all appointments, re-appointments and re-elections of the Board, appointments of Board committees and chief executive; and to review the criteria to be used in the recruitment process.
- To assess annually the independence of the independent directors.
- To propose for the Board's approval, objective performance criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Board as a whole, the Board committees and the contribution and performance of each individual director and Board committee member, including the chief executive and chief financial officer.
- To evaluate the Board's performance by carrying out the assessment process implemented by the Board for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, Board committees and the contribution and performance of each individual director and Board committee member, including the chief executive and chief financial officer.
- To review and propose appropriate training programmes for the Board.
- To carry out such other functions and duties as may be delegated by the Board from time to time.

The NC carried out its duties in accordance with its TOR.

The Company has in place the process and procedure for assessment of new appointment, re-appointment and re-election of directors and the appointment of chief executive, and the criteria used in such assessment.

A formal evaluation process has been put in place to assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board committees and the contribution and performance of each individual director, Board committee member and the Group Financial Controller.

Having reviewed the assessments in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2013, the NC is satisfied that the Board, Board committees, each individual director, each Board committee member and the Group Financial Controller have effectively discharged their duties and responsibilities. They have also fulfilled their responsibilities and are suitably qualified to hold their positions.

The NC meets at least once in each financial year and additional meetings may be called at any time as and when necessary.

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

cont'd

C. BOARD COMMITTEES *cont'd*

III Remuneration Committee ("RC")

The Company does not have a RC. The Board is of the view that it is not necessary for the Company to establish a RC for the time being given the current size of the Board. The Board as a whole functions as the RC.

The Group's remuneration scheme for executive directors is linked to performance, service seniority, experience and scope of responsibility and is periodically benchmark to market/industry surveys conducted by human resource consultants. Performance is measured against profits and targets set in the Group's annual plan and budget.

The level of remuneration of non-executive directors reflects the level of responsibilities undertaken by them.

The remuneration packages of executive directors are reviewed by the entire Board, with the presence of a majority of non-executive directors. The executive director concerned shall not participate in the deliberations and shall vacate the meeting room during deliberations of his remuneration package.

The Board, in assessing and reviewing the remuneration packages of executive directors, ensures that a strong link is maintained between their rewards and individual performance, based on the provisions in the Group's Human Resources Manual, which are reviewed from time to time to align with market/industry practices.

The fees of directors, including non-executive directors, are recommended and endorsed by the Board for approval by the shareholders of the Company at its annual general meeting ("AGM").

The aggregate remuneration of directors (including remuneration of a director who has resigned during the financial year, and remuneration earned as directors of subsidiaries) for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 is as follows:

	Fees (RM)	Salaries & Other Emoluments (RM)	Total (RM)
Executive Directors	33,096	2,483,643	2,516,739
Non-Executive Directors	181,808	98,832	280,640

The number of directors (including a director who has resigned during the financial year) whose remuneration falls into the following bands is as follows:

Range Of Remuneration (RM)	Executive	Non-Executive
50,000 and below	1	1
50,001 – 100,000	-	2
100,001 – 150,000	-	1
150,001 – 2,450,000	-	-
2,450,001 – 2,500,000	1	-

D. INDEPENDENCE

The Board takes cognisance of Recommendations 3.2 and 3.3 of the Code that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of 9 years. The Company has in place, an Independence of Directors Policy which sets out the criteria for assessing the independence of independent directors. The Board will apply these criteria upon admission, annually and when any new interest or relationship develops.

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

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D. INDEPENDENCE *cont'd*

The Board seeks to strike an appropriate balance between tenure of service, continuity of experience and refreshment of the Board. Although a longer tenure of directorship may be perceived as relevant to the determination of a director's independence, the Board recognises that an individual's independence should not be determined solely based on tenure of service. Further, the continued tenure of directorship brings considerable stability to the Board, and the Company benefits from directors who have, over time, gained valuable insight into the Group, its market and the industry.

The independent directors have declared their independence, and the NC and the Board have determined, at the annual assessment carried out, that YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar and Mr Tan Keok Yin who have served on the Board for more than 9 years remain objective and have continued to bring independent and objective judgment to Board deliberations and decision making.

Both the independent directors and non-independent directors are required to submit themselves for re-election at the AGM every 3 years under the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa") ["MMLR"] and Articles of Association of the Company. In addition, the re-appointment of directors who have attained 70 years of age and above is subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM under Section 129 of the Companies Act, 1965. In respect of the independent directors who have served a tenure of 9 years and above, and who are due for re-election or re-appointment, justification for their re-election or re-appointment, as the case may be, will be set out in the explanatory notes of the notice of AGM.

E. COMMITMENT

The directors are aware of their responsibilities and will devote sufficient time to carry out such responsibilities. In line with the MMLR, directors are required to comply with the restrictions on the number of directorships in public listed companies. Directors provide notifications to the Board for acceptance of any new Board appointment. This ensures that their commitment, resources and time are focused on the affairs of the Company to enable them to discharge their duties effectively. Board meetings are scheduled a year ahead in order to enable full attendance at Board meetings. Directors are required to attend at least 50% of Board meetings pursuant to the MMLR.

The Board meets quarterly with timely notices of issues to be discussed. Additional meetings may be convened on an ad-hoc basis as and when necessary. Where appropriate, decisions are also taken by way of Directors' Circular Resolutions.

All Board members are supplied with information in a timely manner. Board reports are circulated prior to Board meetings and the reports provide, amongst others, financial and corporate information, significant operational, financial and corporate issues, updates on the performance of the Company and of the Group and management's proposals which require the approval of the Board.

All directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries and internal auditors. All directors also have access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense, in consultation with the Chairman of the Company.

At Board meetings, active deliberations of issues by Board members are encouraged and such deliberations, decisions and conclusions are recorded by the Company Secretaries accordingly. Any director who has an interest in the subject matter to be deliberated shall abstain from deliberation and voting on the same during the meetings.

The Board met four (4) times during the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

Details of attendance of each director are as follows:

Directors	Attendance
YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San	4/4
Mr Peter Nigel Yates	4/4
YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar	4/4
Mr Tan Keok Yin	4/4

Ms Lim Tau Kien was appointed to the Board after the close of the financial year ended 30 June 2013 and as such, did not attend any of the Board meetings held during the said financial year.

The Board recognises the importance of continuous professional development and training for directors.

All directors of the Company have completed the Mandatory Accreditation Programme.

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

cont'd

E. COMMITMENT *cont'd*

The Company regularly organises in-house programmes, briefings and updates by its in-house professionals. The directors are also encouraged to attend seminars and briefings in order to keep themselves abreast with the latest developments in the business environment and to enhance their skills and knowledge. Directors are kept informed of available training programmes on a regular basis.

An induction programme which includes visits to the Group's various business operations and meetings with senior management is organised for newly appointed directors to assist them to familiarise and to get acquainted with the Company's businesses.

The Company has prepared for the use of its directors, a Director Manual which highlights, amongst others, the major duties and responsibilities of a director vis-à-vis various laws, regulations and guidelines governing the same.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2013, the directors received regular briefings and updates on the Group's businesses, operations, risk management, internal controls, corporate governance, finance and any changes to relevant legislation, rules and regulations from in-house professionals. The Company also organised an in-house programme for its directors and senior management.

The directors of the Company have also attended various programmes and forums facilitated by external professionals in accordance with their respective needs in discharging their duties as directors.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2013, the directors of the Company, collectively or on their own, attended various training programmes, seminars, briefings and/or workshops including:

- The New Statutory Price Sensitive Information Disclosure Regime
- Enterprise Risk Management
- Anti-Money Laundering & Counter Financing of Terrorism (AML & CFT) Awareness Training
- Construction Industry Payment and Adjudication Act 2012
- Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

F. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The financial reporting and internal control system of the Group is overseen by the BARMC which comprises all independent non-executive directors. The primary responsibilities of the BARMC are set out in the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report.

The BARMC is supported by the Internal Audit Department whose principal responsibility is to conduct periodic audits to ensure compliance with systems and/or standard operating procedures of the Group. Investigations will be made at the request of the BARMC and senior management on specific areas of concern when necessary. Significant breaches and deficiencies identified are discussed at the BARMC meetings where appropriate actions will be taken.

I Financial Reporting

The Board is responsible for ensuring the proper maintenance of accounting records of the Group. The Board receives the recommendation to adopt the financial statements from the BARMC which assesses the financial statements with the assistance of the external auditors.

II Risk Management and Internal Control

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control as detailed under paragraph I of this Statement provides an overview of the system of internal controls and risk management framework of the Group.

III Relationship with Auditors

The appointment of external auditors is recommended by the BARMC which determines the remuneration of the external auditors. The BARMC reviews the suitability and independence of the external auditors annually. The external auditors meet with the BARMC to:

- present the scope of the audit before the commencement of audit; and
- review the results of the audit as well as the management letter after the conclusion of the audit.

At least twice a year, the BARMC will have a separate session with the external auditors without the presence of management.

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

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G. DISCLOSURE

The Company has in place a corporate disclosure policy for compliance with the disclosure requirements set out in the MMLR, and to raise awareness and provide guidance to the Board and management on the Group's disclosure requirements and practices.

All timely disclosure and material information documents will be posted on the website after release to Bursa.

H. SHAREHOLDERS

I Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors

The Board acknowledges the importance of regular communication with shareholders and investors via the annual reports, circulars to shareholders and quarterly financial reports and the various announcements made during the year, through which shareholders and investors can have an overview of the Group's performance and operation.

Notices of general meetings and the accompanying explanatory notes are provided within the prescribed notice period on the Company website, Bursa website, in the media and by post to shareholders. This allows shareholders to make the necessary arrangements to attend and participate either in person, by corporate representative, by proxy or by attorney.

Shareholders have the right to demand to vote by way of a poll at the general meetings for resolutions and the voting results will be announced at the meetings and through Bursa.

The Company has a website at <http://www.mpind.my> which the shareholders can access for information which includes the Board Charter, corporate information, announcements/press releases/investor briefings, financial information, products information and investor relations.

In addition, shareholders and investors can have a channel of communication with the Group Managing Director to direct queries and provide feedback to the Group.

Queries may be conveyed to the following person:

Name	:	Mr Peter Nigel Yates
Tel No.	:	605-312 3333
Fax No.	:	605-312 5333
Email address	:	IRelations@mpind.my

II AGM

The AGM provides an opportunity for the shareholders to seek and clarify any issues and to have a better understanding of the Group's performance. Shareholders are encouraged to meet and communicate with the Board at the AGM and to vote on all resolutions. Senior management and the external auditors are also available to respond to shareholders' queries during the AGM.

I. STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Responsibility of the Board

The Board recognises its overall responsibility for the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and risk management framework to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets.

Accordingly, the Board has entrusted the BARMC to provide oversight of the system of internal controls and risk management framework. The BARMC is assisted by the Group's Internal Audit Department in this role.

The Risk Management Framework

For this financial year, management had enhanced the risk management framework in accordance with MS ISO 31000: 2010. The framework serves to:

- establish the context of risk in relation to the Group's risk appetite;
- identify the risks faced by the Group in the operating environment;
- assess the likelihood and impact of such risks identified and hence their risk levels;
- assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the existing risk mitigating measures;

Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control

cont'd

I. STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL *cont'd*

The Risk Management Framework *cont'd*

- evaluate risk treatment options in relation to the Group's context of risk;
- develop any necessary further measures to manage these risks; and
- monitor and review risk mitigating measures, risk levels and emerging risks.

On an on-going basis, each operating company has clear accountabilities to:

- monitor its existing risks, identify emerging risks and hence update the enterprise-wide risk registers;
- maintain the adequacy, effectiveness and relevance of action plans and control systems developed to manage risks; and
- periodically prepare risk management report for reporting to the BARMC.

The System of Internal Controls

The key elements of the Group's system of internal controls are described below:

- A management structure exists with clearly defined delegation of responsibilities to the management of the Group's operating companies, including authorisation levels for all aspects of the business and operation.
- Documented corporate policies and procedures covering various aspects of the business and operations of the Group.
- Promotion of a strong internal control culture through the Group's values and ethics and also the "tone at the top".
- Diligent review of the quarterly financial results and reports and identifying the reasons for any unusual variances.
- Internal control assurance activities such as self-audits and completion of internal control questionnaires undertaken by management of the operating companies.
- Risk-based internal audits carried out by the Group's Internal Audit Department focusing on key risk area.
- Periodically reporting to the BARMC on the results of control assurance and audit activities and also the management of risks throughout the Group.

Management and Decision-Making Processes

The internal control and risk management processes embedded within the operations of the Group are in place for the year under review and up to the date of approval of this Statement for inclusion in the annual report, and reviewed periodically by the BARMC. These processes are intended to manage and not expected to eliminate all risks of failure to achieve business objectives. Accordingly, they can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information or against financial losses and fraud.

The Board has received assurance from the Group Managing Director and the Group Financial Controller that the Group's system of internal controls and risk management framework are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the internal control system and risk management framework of the Group.

J. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The MMLR requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year.

The directors of the Company are satisfied that the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and that the Group and the Company have adopted appropriate accounting policies and have applied them consistently.

This Statement on Corporate Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control is made in accordance with the resolution of the Board.

Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report

CONSTITUTION

The Board Audit & Risk Management Committee ("the Committee") of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI" or "the Company") has been established since 12 July 1994.

COMPOSITION

The Committee has been re-constituted as follows:

YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar
Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Tan Keok Yin
Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms Lim Tau Kien
Independent Non-Executive Director
(Appointed on 1 July 2013)

YBhg Tan Sri Asmat bin Kamaludin
Independent Non-Executive Director
(Resigned on 31 May 2013)

SECRETARY

The Secretary to the Committee is Ms Joanne Leong Wei Yin who is the Company Secretary of MPI.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

- To consider and recommend the nomination, appointment and/or re-appointment of a person or persons as external auditor(s), and to consider any resignation or dismissal of the external auditors.
- To review the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and their services, including non-audit services.
- To review the external audit fees.
- To review, with the external auditors, the audit scope and plan.
- To review, with the external auditors, the audit report and audit findings and the management's response thereto.
- To review the assistance given by the Group's officers to the external auditors.
- To review the quarterly reports and annual financial statements of the Company and of the Group prior to the approval by the Board.
- To review the adequacy of the internal audit scope and plan, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit functions.
- To review the report and findings of the Internal Audit Department including any findings of internal investigations and the management's response thereto.
- To review the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems, including risk management and management information system.
- To review the risk management framework adopted by the Group and the processes employed to identify, evaluate and manage key business risks.
- To review related party transactions that may arise within the Company or the Group, where any one of the percentage ratios (as defined in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad) of a related party transaction triggers the requirement of announcement to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.
- To review other conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Company or the Group, including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that may raise questions of management integrity.
- Other functions as may be agreed to by the Committee and the Board.

Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report

cont'd

AUTHORITY

The Committee is authorised by the Board to review any activity of the Group within its Terms of Reference. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from any director or member of management and all employees are directed to co-operate with any request made by the Committee.

The Committee is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice if it considers necessary.

MEETINGS

The Committee meets at least four (4) times a year and additional meetings may be called at any time as and when necessary. All meetings to review the quarterly reports and annual financial statements are held prior to such quarterly reports and annual financial statements being presented to the Board for approval.

The head of finance, head of internal audit, risk manager, Group Managing Director and senior management may attend Committee meetings, on the invitation of the Committee, to provide information and clarification required on items on the agenda. Representatives of the external auditors are also invited to attend the Committee meetings to present their audit scope and plan, audit report and findings together with management's response thereto, and to brief the Committee members on significant audit and accounting areas which they noted in the course of their audit.

Issues raised, discussions, deliberations, decisions and conclusions made at the Committee meetings are recorded in the minutes of the Committee meetings. Where the Committee is considering a matter in which a Committee member has an interest, such member abstains from reviewing and deliberating on the subject matter.

Two (2) independent and non-executive members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

After each Committee meeting, the Committee shall report and update the Board on significant issues and concerns discussed during the Committee meetings and where appropriate, make the necessary recommendations to the Board.

ACTIVITIES

The Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its Terms of Reference.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2013 ("FY 2013"), four (4) Committee meetings were held and the attendance of the Committee members was as follows:

Members	Attendance
YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar	4/4
Mr Tan Keok Yin	4/4

Ms Lim Tau Kien was appointed to the Committee after the close of the FY 2013 and as such, did not attend any Committee meeting held during the FY 2013.

The Committee had two (2) separate sessions with the external auditors without the presence of management.

The Committee reviewed the quarterly reports and annual financial statements of the Group. The Committee met with the external auditors and discussed the nature and scope of the audit, considered any significant changes in accounting and auditing issues, reviewed the management letter and management's response, reviewed pertinent issues which had significant impact on the results of the Group and discussed applicable accounting and auditing standards. The Committee reviewed the internal auditor's audit findings and recommendations.

In addition, the Committee reviewed the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems, including risk management and relevant management information system. It also reviewed the processes put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks encountered by the Group.

The Committee reviewed various related party transactions carried out by the Group.



Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report

cont'd

INTERNAL AUDIT

The Internal Audit ("IA") function is carried out in-house by the IA Department of HLMG Management Co Sdn Bhd ("HMMC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd ("HLMG"). The provision of the IA services is part of the shared services of companies within the HLMG Group. The total cost incurred by the IA Department of HMMC for the FY 2013 amounted to RM1,357,129.

The IA Department reports to the Committee of MPI. The IA function is performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care. The IA Department supports the Committee of MPI in the effective discharge of its responsibilities in respect of governance, internal controls and the risk management framework of the Group.

Audit plans developed by the IA Department are submitted to the Committee for review and agreement. Internal audits are carried out as agreed. Any resulting salient control concerns are reviewed by the Committee; and the implementation status of audit recommendations are monitored and reported to the Committee on a quarterly basis.

The IA Department also facilitates the implementation and maintenance of the risk management framework of the Group on an on-going basis.

This Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report is made in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

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Directors' Report

for the financial year ended 30 June 2013

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 3 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the year attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	10,948	22,909
Non-controlling interests	3,373	-
	14,321	22,909

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year.

DIVIDENDS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid:

- (i) a first interim dividend of 5.4 sen per share less tax amounting to RM8,055,381 in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2013 on 19 December 2012; and
- (ii) a second interim dividend of 5.0 sen per share tax exempt amounting to RM9,944,921 in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2013 on 6 June 2013.

The Directors do not recommend a final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San (*Chairman*)
Mr Peter Nigel Yates (*Group Managing Director*)
YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar
Mr Tan Keok Yin
Ms Lim Tau Kien (*appointed on 1.7.2013*)
YBhg Tan Sri Asmat bin Kamaludin (*resigned on 31.5.2013*)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The Directors holding office at the end of the financial year who had beneficial interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and/or its related corporations during the financial year ended 30 June 2013 as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965 are as follows:

	Nominal value per share RM	Number of ordinary shares			At 30.6.2013
		At 1.7.2012	Acquired	Sold	
<i>Shareholdings in which Directors have direct interests</i>					
Interests of YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San in:					
Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad	1.00	117,500	-	-	117,500
Hong Leong Industries Berhad	0.50	2,520,000	-	-	2,520,000
Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad	0.50	1,260,000	-	-	1,260,000
Hong Leong Capital Berhad	1.00	119,000	-	119,000	-
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	1.00	462,000	-	-	462,000
Guoco Group Limited	US\$0.50	209,120	-	-	209,120
Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad	1.00	600,000	-	-	600,000
Interest of Mr Peter Nigel Yates in:					
Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad	0.50	125,000	25,000	-	150,000

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

No Director of the Company has since the end of the previous financial year received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in the financial statements or as fixed salary of full time employees of the Company or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest except for YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar, who may be deemed to derive a benefit by virtue of the provision of legal services by a firm in which YBhg Datuk Syed Zaid bin Syed Jaffar Albar has interest to related corporations.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which has the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

EXECUTIVE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI" or "the Company") has, on 8 March 2013 ("Effective Date"), terminated the existing executive share option scheme ("ESOS") which was established in year 2006 and established a new ESOS of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares) ("New ESOS" or "Scheme"). The New ESOS will be in force for a period of 10 years from the Effective Date.

The New ESOS enables the Company to have a fresh duration of 10 years to implement the Scheme and to provide an opportunity for eligible executives who have contributed to the growth and development of the Group to participate in the equity of the Company.



Directors' Report

for the financial year ended 30 June 2013
cont'd

EXECUTIVE SHARE OPTION SCHEME *cont'd*

The main features of the New ESOS are, inter alia, as follows:

- (i) Eligible executives are those executives of the Group who have been confirmed in service on the date of offer or Directors of the Group. The Board may from time to time at its discretion select and identify suitable eligible executives to be offered options.
- (ii) The aggregate number of shares comprised in:
 - (a) exercised options;
 - (b) unexercised options;
 - (c) unexpired offers of options pending acceptance by all the eligible executives; and
 - (d) exercised options, unexercised options and unexpired offers of options pending acceptance, under any other ESOS established by the Company which are still subsisting;shall not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares) at any one time ("Maximum Aggregate").
- (iii) The New ESOS shall be in force for a period of 10 years from 8 March 2013.
- (iv) The option price shall not be at a discount of more than 10% (or such discount as the relevant authorities shall permit) from the 5-day weighted average market price of the shares of the Company preceding the date of offer and shall in no event be less than the par value of the shares of the Company.
- (v) The exercise of the options may, at the absolute discretion of the Board, be satisfied by way of issuance of new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company (unless otherwise adjusted); transfer of existing shares; or a combination of both new shares and existing shares.
- (vi) At any point in time during the existence of the New ESOS, the allocation to an eligible executive who, either singly or collectively through persons connected with the eligible executive, holds 20% or more of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares), must not exceed 10% of the Maximum Aggregate.
- (vii) The option granted to an option holder under the New ESOS is exercisable by the option holder only during his employment or directorship with the Group and within the option exercise period subject to any maximum limit as may be determined by the Board under the Bye-Laws of the New ESOS.

During the financial year, there were no share options granted under the New ESOS.

Subsequent to the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2013, Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of the Company, has granted conditional incentive share options ("Options") over 7,900,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in MPI ("MPI Shares") at an exercise price of RM2.61 per MPI Share to its eligible executives (including a director of the Company) ("Option Holders"). The Options granted are subject to the achievement of certain performance criteria by the Option Holders over the option performance period and the exercise period of the vested options will be up to the 30th month from the vesting date to be determined.

On 27 August 2013, the Company announced that it proposes to establish an executive share grant scheme of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for the benefit of the eligible executives ("Proposed ESGS"). The Proposed ESGS is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company. Upon approval, the Proposed ESGS together with the New ESOS shall be renamed as Executive Share Scheme.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There were no changes in the issued and paid-up capital of the Company and the Company has not issued any debenture during the financial year.

There were no shares bought back during the financial year. The total number of shares bought back as at 30 June 2013 was 10,986,000 (2012: 10,986,000) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each which are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the requirement of Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- (i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts; and
- (ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts, or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts, in the Group and the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (ii) that would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
- (iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, except for the write off of intangible assets as disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

Pursuant to Section 168(8) of the Companies Act, 1965, the Registrar of Companies has granted an order authorising Carsem Semiconductor (Suzhou) Co., Ltd to continue its financial year end of 31 December, which does not coincide with that of the Company, its holding company, in accordance with and as required by the local regulations of its country of incorporation.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board,

Datuk Kwek Leng San

Peter Nigel Yates

Kuala Lumpur
27 August 2013

Statements of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2013

	Note	30.6.2013 RM'000	Group 30.6.2012 RM'000	1.7.2011 RM'000	Company 30.6.2013 RM'000	30.6.2012 RM'000	1.7.2011 RM'000
ASSETS							
Property, plant and equipment	4	958,963	1,045,585	1,020,347	364	521	678
Investments	5	46	46	46	426,491	426,491	426,491
Intangible assets	6	-	12,393	12,393	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	7	2,879	1,078	-	-	-	-
Total non-current assets		961,888	1,059,102	1,032,786	426,855	427,012	427,169
Inventories	8	70,292	93,418	102,270	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables including derivatives	9	219,883	218,276	215,142	56,283	56,661	53,503
Current tax assets		35	35	35	35	35	35
Cash and cash equivalents	10	35,788	43,556	69,543	388	641	1,638
Total current assets		325,998	355,285	386,990	56,706	57,337	55,176
TOTAL ASSETS		1,287,886	1,414,387	1,419,776	483,561	484,349	482,345
Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
Share capital	11	104,942	104,942	104,942	104,942	104,942	104,942
Reserves	12	775,049	784,214	807,090	476,932	472,298	472,526
Treasury shares, at cost		(163,803)	(163,803)	(163,803)	(163,803)	(163,803)	(163,803)
		716,188	725,353	748,229	418,071	413,437	413,665
Non-controlling interests		199,868	208,495	220,910	-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY		916,056	933,848	969,139	418,071	413,437	413,665
LIABILITIES							
Loans and borrowings	13	15,000	-	12,097	15,000	-	-
Employee benefits	14(a)	420	422	422	245	245	245
Deferred tax liabilities	7	22,557	18,057	21,146	-	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		37,977	18,479	33,665	15,245	245	245
Trade and other payables including derivatives	15	161,143	257,199	219,397	10,245	7,667	21,335
Loans and borrowings	13	169,473	202,898	195,359	40,000	63,000	47,100
Current tax liabilities		3,237	1,963	2,216	-	-	-
Total current liabilities		333,853	462,060	416,972	50,245	70,667	68,435
TOTAL LIABILITIES		371,830	480,539	450,637	65,490	70,912	68,680
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,287,886	1,414,387	1,419,776	483,561	484,349	482,345

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Note	Group		Company	
		2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Revenue - Sale of goods		1,226,284	1,191,722	-	-
- Dividend income		-	-	28,011	20,997
Cost of sales		(1,149,056)	(1,171,220)	-	-
Gross profit		77,228	20,502	28,011	20,997
Distribution expenses		(21,353)	(17,498)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(31,145)	(33,583)	(2,070)	(1,972)
Other operating income		17,818	15,594	-	3,134
Other operating expenses		(16,256)	(7,265)	(345)	-
Profit/(Loss) from operating activities		26,292	(22,250)	25,596	22,159
Interest income		726	1,213	206	196
Finance costs		(5,965)	(6,464)	(2,852)	(2,760)
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	16	21,053	(27,501)	22,950	19,595
Taxation	17	(6,732)	4,320	(41)	(33)
Profit/(Loss) for the year		14,321	(23,181)	22,909	19,562
Profit/(Loss) attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		10,948	(19,765)	22,909	19,562
Non-controlling interests		3,373	(3,416)	-	-
		14,321	(23,181)	22,909	19,562
Basic earnings/(loss) per ordinary share (sen)	18	5.69	(10.20)		
Profit/(Loss) for the year		14,321	(23,181)	22,909	19,562
Other comprehensive income					
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		8,487	16,265	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year		22,808	(6,916)	22,909	19,562
Total comprehensive income/(expense) attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		19,435	(3,500)	22,909	19,562
Non-controlling interests		3,373	(3,416)	-	-
		22,808	(6,916)	22,909	19,562

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2013

Group	Attributable to owners of the Company										Total equity
	Non-distributable					Distributable					
Note	Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Capital reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Reserve for own shares	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 July 2011	104,942	249,952	1,050	5,035	-	(49,253)	(163,803)	600,306	748,229	220,910	969,139
Other comprehensive income - foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	16,265	-	-	-	16,265	-	16,265
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,765)	(19,765)	(3,416)	(23,181)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	16,265	-	-	(19,765)	(3,500)	(3,416)	(6,916)
Total distribution to owners - Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,376)	(19,376)	(8,999)	(28,375)
Transfer to capital reserve	-	-	-	2,102	-	-	-	(2,102)	-	-	-
At 30 June 2012	104,942	249,952	1,050	7,137	16,265	(49,253)	(163,803)	559,063	725,353	208,495	933,848

Note 11 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12 Note 12

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2013
cont'd

Group	Attributable to owners of the Company										Total equity RM'000
	Non-distributable					Distributable					
Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Capital redemption reserve RM'000	Capital reserve RM'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve RM'000	Reserve for own shares RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non-controlling interests RM'000	
At 1 July 2012	104,942	249,952	1,050	7,137	16,265	(49,253)	(163,803)	559,063	725,353	208,495	933,848
Other comprehensive income - foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	8,487	-	-	-	8,487	-	8,487
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,948	10,948	3,373	14,321
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	8,487	-	-	10,948	19,435	3,373	22,808
Purchase of own shares	-	-	-	-	-	(11,173)	-	-	(11,173)	-	(11,173)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,427)	(17,427)	(12,000)	(29,427)
Total distribution to owners	-	-	-	-	-	(11,173)	-	(17,427)	(28,600)	(12,000)	(40,600)
Transfer to capital reserve	-	-	-	2,245	-	-	-	(2,245)	-	-	-
At 30 June 2013	104,942	249,952	1,050	9,382	24,752	(60,426)	(163,803)	550,339	716,188	199,868	916,056

Note 11

Note 12

Note 12

Note 12

Note 12

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 June 2013

cont'd

Company	Note	← Non-distributable →			Distributable		Total equity RM'000
		Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Reserve for own shares RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	
At 1 July 2011		104,942	249,952	(10,366)	(163,803)	232,940	413,665
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	19,562	19,562
Total distribution to owners							
- Dividends	19	-	-	-	-	(19,790)	(19,790)
At 30 June 2012/ 1 July 2012		104,942	249,952	(10,366)	(163,803)	232,712	413,437
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	22,909	22,909
Purchase of own shares		-	-	(414)	-	-	(414)
Dividends	19	-	-	-	-	(17,861)	(17,861)
Total distribution to owners		-	-	(414)	-	(17,861)	(18,275)
At 30 June 2013		104,942	249,952	(10,780)	(163,803)	237,760	418,071
		Note 11	Note 12	Note 12		Note 12	

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2013

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	21,053	(27,501)	22,950	19,595
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	194,406	193,782	157	157
Dividend income	(11)	-	(28,011)	(20,997)
Finance costs	5,965	6,464	2,852	2,760
Interest income	(726)	(1,213)	(206)	(196)
Fair value (gain)/loss on derivative instruments	(793)	3,255	-	-
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,034	(411)	-	-
(Reversal of impairment)/Impairment of property, plant and equipment	(9,465)	1,402	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	1,137	482	-	-
Intangible assets written off	12,393	-	-	-
Unrealised (gain)/loss on foreign exchange	(4,554)	(2,530)	346	(3,134)
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital	226,439	173,730	(1,912)	(1,815)
Change in inventories	23,324	10,066	-	-
Change in trade and other receivables	8,733	(1,660)	92	(15)
Change in trade and other payables	(101,519)	33,553	(23)	(270)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	156,977	215,689	(1,843)	(2,100)
Taxation paid	(2,759)	(100)	(41)	(33)
Finance costs paid	(5,965)	(6,464)	(2,852)	(2,760)
Retirement benefits paid	(2)	-	-	-
Interest income received	726	1,213	206	196
Dividends received	11	-	28,011	20,997
Net cash generated from operating activities	148,988	210,338	23,481	16,300
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,234	2,403	-	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(97,059)	(203,471)	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(95,825)	(201,068)	-	-

Statements of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2013

cont'd

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayment by/(Advance to) subsidiaries	-	-	2,541	(13,407)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(17,427)	(19,376)	(17,861)	(19,790)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	(12,000)	(8,999)	-	-
Repayments of borrowings	(337,853)	(370,642)	(12,000)	(4,600)
Drawdown from borrowings	316,949	360,125	4,000	20,500
Purchase of trust shares	(11,173)	-	(414)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(61,504)	(38,892)	(23,734)	(17,297)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(8,341)	(29,622)	(253)	(997)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July	43,556	69,543	641	1,638
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation on cash held	573	3,635	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	35,788	43,556	388	641

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following statements of financial position amounts:

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposit with licensed banks	10,000	14,556	-	478
Cash and bank balances	25,788	29,000	388	163
	35,788	43,556	388	641

The notes on pages 41 to 87 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI" or "the Company") is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is as follows:

Level 9, Wisma Hong Leong
18 Jalan Perak
50450 Kuala Lumpur

The immediate and ultimate holding companies of the Company are Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd and Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad respectively, both incorporated in Malaysia.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 30 June 2013 do not include other entities.

The Company is an investment holding company whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 3 to the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 August 2013.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as those disclosed in Note 2.2 to the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. These are the Group's and the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with MFRSs, and MFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards* has been applied.

In the previous years, the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs") in Malaysia. The financial impact of transition to MFRSs is disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgement in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000), unless otherwise stated.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements and in preparing the opening MFRS statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company at 1 July 2011 (the transition date to MFRS framework), unless otherwise stated.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including unincorporated entities, controlled by the Group. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Control exists when the Group has the ability to exercise its power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

Acquisitions on or after 1 July 2011

For acquisitions on or after 1 July 2011, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Acquisitions before 1 July 2011

As part of its transition to MFRSs, the Group elected not to restate those business combinations that occurred before the date of transition to MFRSs, i.e. 1 July 2011. Goodwill arising from acquisitions before 1 July 2011 has been carried forward from the previous FRS framework as at the date of transition.

(iii) Accounting for acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group treats all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(a) Basis of consolidation *cont'd*

(iv) Special purpose entities

Special purpose entities ("SPE") are entities defined in IC Interpretation 112, Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities, which may constitute a corporation, trust, partnership or unincorporated entity created to accomplish a narrow and well defined objective with legal arrangements that impose strict and sometimes permanent limits on the decision-making powers of their governing board, trustee or management over the operations of the SPE. Accordingly, the ESOS Trust set up as mentioned in Note 2.2(j)(iii) is consolidated in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

(v) Loss of control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(vi) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the owners of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

(vii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets also includes the cost of materials and direct labour.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(b) Property, plant and equipment *cont'd*

(i) Recognition and measurement *cont'd*

The cost of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on fair value at acquisition date. The fair value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing herein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The fair value of other items of plant and equipment is based on the quoted market prices for similar items.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other operating income" or "other operating expenses" respectively in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Leasehold land	41 – 99 years
Buildings	20 – 50 years
Building improvement	10 years
Plant, equipment and motor vehicles	2 – 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Leased assets

(i) Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(c) Leased assets *cont'd*

(i) Finance lease *cont'd*

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

(ii) Operating lease

Leases, where the Group or the Company does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership are classified as operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

(d) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business combinations is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In respect of equity accounted investees, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the equity accounted investee.

(ii) Amortisation

Goodwill with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

(e) Financial instruments

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial assets that are held for trading, including derivatives or financial assets that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(e) Financial instruments *cont'd*

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement *cont'd*

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active market, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale category comprises investment in equity and debt securities instruments that are not held for trading.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost. Other financial assets categorised as available-for-sale are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from monetary items and gains and losses of hedged items attributable to hedge risks of fair value hedges which are recognised in profit or loss. On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss. Interest calculated for a debt instrument using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment (see Note 2.2(h)(i)).

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:

- (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and
- (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(e) Financial instruments *cont'd*

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost formula, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work-in-progress and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, balances and deposits with banks which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(h) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

All financial assets (except for financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss and investments in subsidiaries) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment. If any such objective evidence exists, then the financial asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and the asset's current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised in the other comprehensive income, the cumulative loss in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity and recognised to profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of unquoted equity instrument that is carried at cost is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(h) Impairment *cont'd*

(i) Financial assets *cont'd*

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale is not reversed through profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for deferred tax assets and inventories) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units. Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment testing is performed reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (or a group of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(i) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(i) Equity instruments *cont'd*

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(iii) Repurchase, disposal and reissue of share capital

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares in the statement of changes in equity.

When treasury shares are distributed as share dividends, the cost of the treasury shares is applied in the reduction of the share premium account or distributable reserves, or both.

When treasury shares are sold or subsequently reissued by re-sale in the open market, the difference between the sales consideration net of directly attributable costs and the carrying amount of the treasury shares is recognised in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented in share premium.

(j) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The Group's contributions to statutory pension funds are charged to profit or loss in the financial year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

The Group operates an unfunded defined benefit scheme for the eligible employees. The present value of the defined benefit obligation as required by MFRS 119, *Employee Benefits* has not been used in deriving at the provision, as the amount involved is not material to the Group and the Company. Accordingly, no further disclosure as required by the standard is made.

(iii) Share-based payments and reserve for own shares

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan for the employees of the Group under the Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad's Executive Share Option Scheme ("ESOS").

In connection with the ESOS, trusts have been set up and are administered by an appointed trustee ("ESOS Trusts"). The trustee will be entitled, from time to time, to accept advances from the Group, upon such terms and conditions as the Group and the trustee may agree, to purchase the ordinary shares of MPI from the open market for the ESOS Trusts ("Trust Shares").

The fair value of the share options granted to employees is recognised as an employment cost with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve over the vesting period. When the share options are exercised, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options not exercised are expired, the amount from the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(j) Employee benefits *cont'd*

(iii) Share-based payments and reserve for own shares *cont'd*

The fair value of the share options is measured using Black Scholes model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

The ESOS Trusts for MPI are consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements as a deduction from equity and classified as reserve for own shares. Dividends received by the ESOS Trusts are eliminated against the Company's dividend payment.

(k) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments or a financial instrument designated as a cash flow hedge of currency risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(ii) Financial statements of foreign operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")

The assets and liabilities of operations in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the reporting date, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 July 2011 which are reported using the exchange rates at the dates of the acquisition. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to RM at average exchange rates for the year.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity. However, if the operation is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the FCTR within equity.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(l) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

(m) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(n) Revenue and other income

(i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised when persuasive evidence exists, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement, that the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. If it is probable that discounts will be granted and the amount can be measured reliably, then the discount is recognised as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognised.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method in profit or loss.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income of the Group and of the Company is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the Group's or the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

(p) Taxation

Taxation comprises current and deferred taxation. Taxation is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current taxation is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies *cont'd*

(p) Taxation *cont'd*

Deferred taxation is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred taxation is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, and the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred taxation is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

A tax incentive that is not a tax base of an asset is recognised as a reduction of tax expense in profit or loss as and when it is granted and claimed. Any unutilised portion of the tax incentive is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance are treated as tax base of assets and are recognised as a reduction of tax expense as and when they are utilised.

(q) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic earnings per share ("EPS") data for its ordinary shares.

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

(r) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Board of Directors of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(s) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby the application of research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *cont'd*

2.3 Statement of compliance

The following are accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

- MFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*
- MFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements*
- MFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*
- MFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*
- MFRS 119, *Employee Benefits (2011)*
- MFRS 127, *Separate Financial Statements (2011)*
- MFRS 128, *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011)*
- IC Interpretation 20, *Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine*
- Amendments to MFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*
- Amendments to MFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards – Government Loans*
- Amendments to MFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)*
- Amendments to MFRS 101, *Presentation of Financial Statements (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)*
- Amendments to MFRS 116, *Property, Plant and Equipment (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)*
- Amendments to MFRS 132, *Financial Instruments: Presentation (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)*
- Amendments to MFRS 134, *Interim Financial Reporting (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)*
- Amendments to MFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements: Transition Guidance*
- Amendments to MFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements: Transition Guidance*
- Amendments to MFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance*

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

- Amendments to MFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements: Investment Entities*
- Amendments to MFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Investment Entities*
- Amendments to MFRS 127, *Separate Financial Statements (2011): Investment Entities*
- Amendments to MFRS 132, *Financial Instruments: Presentation – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*

MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

- MFRS 9, *Financial Instruments (2009)*
- MFRS 9, *Financial Instruments (2010)*
- Amendments to MFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures*

The Group and the Company plan to apply the abovementioned standards, amendments and interpretations, where applicable:

- from the annual period beginning on 1 July 2013 for those standards, amendments or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013;
- from the annual period beginning on 1 July 2014 for those standards, amendments or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014; and
- from the annual period beginning on 1 July 2015 for those standards, amendments or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

The initial application of the above applicable standards, amendments and interpretations is not expected to have any material financial impact to the current and prior periods' financial statements upon their first adoption.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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3. COMPANIES IN THE GROUP

The principal activities of the companies in the Group, their country of incorporation and the effective interest of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad are shown below:

Name of subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Effective interest			Principal activities
		30.6.2013 %	30.6.2012 %	1.7.2011 %	
Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	70	70	70	Manufacturing and testing of semiconductor devices and electronic components
• Recams Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	70	70	70	Dormant
Carsem Holdings Limited *	Bermuda	100	100	100	Investment holding
• Carsem Semiconductor (Suzhou) Co., Ltd #	The People's Republic of China	100	100	100	Manufacturing and testing of semiconductor devices and electronic components
• Carsem Holdings (HK) Limited #	Hong Kong	100	100	100	Sales and marketing of semiconductor devices and electronic components
Dynacraft Industries Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	100	Manufacturing and sale of leadframes
Carter Realty Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	70	70	70	Investment holding
• Carsem Inc. *	United States of America	70	70	70	Semiconductor devices' and electronic components' marketing agent

During the financial year ended 30 June 2013, the Company had transferred its entire equity interest in Carsem Holdings (HK) Limited to another wholly-owned subsidiary, Carsem Holdings Limited.

Notes:

- Sub-subsidiary.
- # Subsidiary not audited by KPMG.
- * These financial statements are not required to be audited in their respective countries of incorporation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Leasehold land RM'000	Building* improvement RM'000	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost					
At 1 July 2011	28,518	337,083	2,931,244	21,455	3,318,300
Additions	-	1,711	155,092	46,668	203,471
Disposals	-	(140)	(20,505)	-	(20,645)
Write off	-	-	(1,473)	-	(1,473)
Transfers	-	45	5,025	(5,070)	-
Currency translation differences	206	2,215	26,966	2,620	32,007
At 30 June 2012/1 July 2012	28,724	340,914	3,096,349	65,673	3,531,660
Additions	-	841	91,884	4,334	97,059
Disposals	-	-	(114,249)	-	(114,249)
Write off	-	-	(40,653)	-	(40,653)
Transfers	-	84	2,299	(2,383)	-
Currency translation differences	92	988	15,551	2,078	18,709
At 30 June 2013	28,816	342,827	3,051,181	69,702	3,492,526
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses					
At 1 July 2011					
Accumulated depreciation	9,181	159,409	2,074,231	-	2,242,821
Accumulated impairment losses	-	28	55,104	-	55,132
	9,181	159,437	2,129,335	-	2,297,953
Charge for the year	352	16,143	177,287	-	193,782
Disposals	-	(112)	(18,541)	-	(18,653)
Write off	-	-	(991)	-	(991)
(Reversal of)/impairment losses	-	(28)	1,430	-	1,402
Currency translation differences	37	765	11,780	-	12,582
At 30 June 2012/1 July 2012	9,570	176,205	2,243,766	-	2,429,541
Accumulated depreciation	9,570	176,205	2,243,766	-	2,429,541
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-	56,534	-	56,534
	9,570	176,205	2,300,300	-	2,486,075
Charge for the year	352	15,440	178,614	-	194,406
Disposals	-	-	(105,981)	-	(105,981)
Write off	-	-	(39,516)	-	(39,516)
Reversal of impairment losses	-	-	(9,465)	-	(9,465)
Currency translation differences	21	428	7,595	-	8,044
At 30 June 2013	9,943	192,073	2,284,478	-	2,486,494
Accumulated depreciation	9,943	192,073	2,284,478	-	2,486,494
Accumulated impairment losses	-	-	47,069	-	47,069
	9,943	192,073	2,331,547	-	2,533,563

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT *cont'd*

Group	Leasehold land RM'000	Building* improvement RM'000	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Carrying amounts					
At 1 July 2011	19,337	177,646	801,909	21,455	1,020,347
At 30 June 2012/1 July 2012	19,154	164,709	796,049	65,673	1,045,585
At 30 June 2013	18,873	150,754	719,634	69,702	958,963
Company					Equipment and motor vehicles RM'000
Cost					
At 1 July 2011/30 June 2012/1 July 2012/30 June 2013					889
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 July 2011					211
Charge for the year					157
At 30 June 2012/1 July 2012					368
Charge for the year					157
At 30 June 2013					525
Carrying amounts					
At 1 July 2011					678
At 30 June 2012/1 July 2012					521
At 30 June 2013					364

* The buildings of the Group are situated on leasehold land owned by the Company except for certain buildings amounting to RM38,673,000 (30.6.2012: RM39,851,000; 1.7.2011: RM41,030,000) of a subsidiary which are situated on a land classified as an operating lease (Note 21).

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT *cont'd*

4.1 Leasehold land

Included in the carrying amount of leasehold land are:

	Group		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Leasehold land with unexpired lease period of less than 50 years	5,230	5,284	5,174
Leasehold land with unexpired lease period of more than 50 years	13,643	13,870	14,163
	18,873	19,154	19,337

5. INVESTMENTS

	Group			Company		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares in subsidiaries, at cost	-	-	-	426,445	426,445	426,445
Other investments categorised as available-for-sale	46	46	46	46	46	46
	46	46	46	426,491	426,491	426,491

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Goodwill	12,393	12,393	13,393
Write-off	(12,393)	-	-
	-	12,393	12,393

Notes to the Financial Statements

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6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS *cont'd*

Impairment testing for cash-generating units containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to business units which represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit was based on its value in use. The recoverable amount of the unit was determined to be lower than its carrying amount, resulting in goodwill written off at 30 June 2013.

Value in use was determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of the unit and was based on the recent financial projections approved by the management. The discount rate used is based on the subsidiary's weighted average cost of capital of 7.60% (30.6.2012: 7.60%; and 1.7.2011: 7.60%).

The revenue and gross margins used in the projections were based on past experience and expectations of market development.

7. DEFERRED TAXATION

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

Group	Assets			Liabilities			Net		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	(29,080)	(26,481)	(28,212)	(29,080)	(26,481)	(28,212)
Inventories	2,420	2,812	3,435	-	-	-	2,420	2,812	3,435
Other items	6,982	6,690	3,631	-	-	-	6,982	6,690	3,631
Tax assets/ (liabilities)	9,402	9,502	7,066	(29,080)	(26,481)	(28,212)	(19,678)	(16,979)	(21,146)
Set off of tax	(6,523)	(8,424)	(7,066)	6,523	8,424	7,066	-	-	-
Net tax assets/ (liabilities)	2,879	1,078	-	(22,557)	(18,057)	(21,146)	(19,678)	(16,979)	(21,146)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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7. DEFERRED TAXATION *cont'd*

Movement in temporary differences during the year

Group	At	Recognised	At	Recognised	At
	1.7.2011	in profit or loss (Note 17)	30.6.2012/ 1.7.2012	in profit or loss (Note 17)	30.6.2013
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	(28,212)	1,731	(26,481)	(2,599)	(29,080)
Inventories	3,435	(623)	2,812	(392)	2,420
Other items	3,631	3,059	6,690	292	6,982
	(21,146)	4,167	(16,979)	(2,699)	(19,678)

8. INVENTORIES

	Group		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Raw materials	38,565	52,585	55,885
Work-in-progress	11,248	11,788	8,901
Finished goods	13,171	20,040	23,577
Consumable spares	7,308	9,005	13,907
	70,292	93,418	102,270

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES INCLUDING DERIVATIVES

	Note	Group			Company		
		30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables		194,228	193,308	192,950	-	-	-
Allowance for impairment losses		(5,886)	(4,766)	(3,850)	-	-	-
		188,342	188,542	189,100	-	-	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries	a	-	-	-	56,243	56,619	53,476
Other debtors		18,857	15,719	5,717	14	-	-
Deposits		1,381	1,433	1,763	5	5	5
Prepayments		11,303	12,509	17,684	21	37	22
Derivative financial assets							
- forward exchange contracts		-	73	878	-	-	-
		219,883	218,276	215,142	56,283	56,661	53,503

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES INCLUDING DERIVATIVES *cont'd*

Company

Note a

Amounts due from subsidiaries are non-trade, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group			Company		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits with licensed banks	10,000	14,556	40,455	-	478	1,515
Cash and bank balances	25,788	29,000	29,088	388	163	123
	35,788	43,556	69,543	388	641	1,638

Included in deposits and bank balances are the following balances placed with a related company arising from normal business transactions:

	Group			Company		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits and bank balances	5,016	34,877	18,503	173	151	142

11. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company					
	30.6.2013		30.6.2012		1.7.2011	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
	'000	RM'000	'000	RM'000	'000	RM'000
Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each	400,000	200,000	400,000	200,000	400,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid	209,884	104,942	209,884	104,942	209,884	104,942

There were no shares bought back during the financial year (30.6.2012: Nil; 1.7.2011: Nil). The total number of shares bought back as at 30 June 2013 was 10,986,000 (30.6.2012: 10,986,000; 1.7.2011: 10,986,000) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each which are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the requirement of Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

12. RESERVES

	Note	30.6.2013	Group 30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	Company 30.6.2012	1.7.2011
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Reserves consist of:							
Share premium		249,952	249,952	249,952	249,952	249,952	249,952
Capital redemption reserve	a	1,050	1,050	1,050	-	-	-
Capital reserve	b	9,382	7,137	5,035	-	-	-
Exchange fluctuation reserve	c	24,752	16,265	-	-	-	-
Reserve for own shares	d	(60,426)	(49,253)	(49,253)	(10,780)	(10,366)	(10,366)
Retained earnings	e	550,339	559,063	600,306	237,760	232,712	232,940
		775,049	784,214	807,090	476,932	472,298	472,526

Note a

Capital redemption reserve represents a transfer from the revenue reserve arising from the redemption of redeemable preference shares by a subsidiary of the Company.

Note b

Capital reserve represents a transfer from the revenue reserve to capital reserve by a subsidiary as required by the relevant regulations of its country of incorporation.

Note c

Exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

Note d

Reserve for own shares represents Trust Shares purchased by the ESOS Trusts as disclosed in Note 2.2(j)(iii).

During the financial year, the trustee has repurchased 4,245,200 (30.6.2012: Nil; 1.7.2011: 1,134,000) Trust Shares from the open market. As at 30 June 2013, the total number of Trust Shares purchased by the trustee was 9,379,200 (30.6.2012: 5,134,000; 1.7.2011: 5,134,000) ordinary shares of RM0.50 each.

Note e

Subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Board, the Company has sufficient Section 108 credit and tax exempt income to distribute in full all its retained profits at 30 June 2013 if paid out as dividends.

The Finance Act 2007 introduced a single tier company income tax system with effect from year of assessment 2008. As such, the Section 108 tax credit as at 30 June 2013 will be available to the Company until such time the credit is fully utilised or upon expiry of the six-year transitional period on 31 December 2013, whichever is earlier.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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13. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	Group			Company		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current (unsecured)						
Term loans	12,000	47,684	64,084	12,000	35,000	35,000
Revolving credit	118,889	126,763	63,058	28,000	28,000	12,100
Bankers' acceptances	38,584	28,451	68,217	-	-	-
	169,473	202,898	195,359	40,000	63,000	47,100
Non-current (unsecured)						
Term loans	15,000	-	12,097	15,000	-	-
	184,473	202,898	207,456	55,000	63,000	47,100

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Retirement benefits

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 July	422	422	245	245
Payment	(2)	-	-	-
At 30 June	420	422	245	245

(b) Share-based payments

Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("MPI" or "the Company") has, on 8 March 2013 ("Effective Date"), terminated the existing executive share option scheme ("ESOS") which was established in year 2006 and established a new ESOS of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares) ("New ESOS" or "Scheme"). The New ESOS will be in force for a period of 10 years from the Effective Date.

During the financial year, there were no share options granted under the New ESOS.

Subsequent to the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2013, Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of the Company, has granted conditional incentive share options ("Options") over 7,900,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in MPI ("MPI Shares") at an exercise price of RM2.61 per MPI Share to its eligible executives (including a director of the Company) ("Option Holders"). The Options granted are subject to the achievement of certain performance criteria by the Option Holders over the option performance period and the exercise period of the vested options will be up to the 30th month from the vesting date to be determined.

On 27 August 2013, the Company announced that it proposes to establish an executive share grant scheme of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for the benefit of the eligible executives ("Proposed ESGS"). The Proposed ESGS is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company. Upon approval, the Proposed ESGS together with the New ESOS shall be renamed as Executive Share Scheme.

15. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES INCLUDING DERIVATIVES

	Note	Group			Company		
		30.6.2013 RM'000	30.6.2012 RM'000	1.7.2011 RM'000	30.6.2013 RM'000	30.6.2012 RM'000	1.7.2011 RM'000
Trade payables		70,021	98,244	94,991	-	-	-
Amounts due to:							
- Related companies	a	47	47	49	-	-	-
- Subsidiaries	b	-	-	-	9,662	7,061	20,459
Other payables		46,028	116,229	84,681	-	-	-
Accrued expenses		43,463	40,229	39,676	583	606	876
Derivative financial liabilities							
- forward exchange contracts		1,584	2,450	-	-	-	-
		161,143	257,199	219,397	10,245	7,667	21,335

Group

Note a

Amounts due to related companies are non-trade, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Company

Note b

Amounts due to subsidiaries are non-trade, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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16. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Profit/(Loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):				
Auditors' remuneration				
Holding company's auditors				
- Statutory audits	128	118	26	20
- Other services	23	21	8	8
Other auditors				
- Statutory audits	50	37	-	-
- Other services	17	19	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	194,406	193,782	157	157
Directors' remuneration (Key management personnel)				
Executive Directors				
- Fees *	33	110	-	70
- Salaries and bonuses	2,315	2,602	-	-
	2,348	2,712	-	70
Non-Executive Directors				
- Fees	182	180	175	180
- Other emoluments	99	100	99	100
	281	280	274	280
Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,034	(411)	-	-
Gross dividends from:				
- Unquoted subsidiaries	-	-	(28,000)	(20,997)
- Other investments	(11)	-	(11)	-
(Reversal of impairment)/Impairment of property, plant and equipment	(9,465)	1,402	-	-
Impairment loss on trade receivables	1,120	916	-	-
Finance costs				
- Term loan	1,559	1,762	1,461	1,440
- Others	4,406	4,702	1,391	1,320
Interest income	(726)	(1,213)	(206)	(196)
Inventories written down	1,349	752	-	-
(Gain)/Loss on foreign exchange				
- Realised	(1,924)	8	-	-
- Unrealised	(4,554)	(2,530)	346	(3,134)
Property, plant and equipment written off	1,137	482	-	-
Intangible assets written off	12,393	-	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

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16. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION *cont'd*

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit/(Loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting): <i>cont'd</i>				
Personnel expenses:				
- Wages, salaries and others	271,952	271,166	-	-
- contributions to Employees Provident Fund	28,393	27,916	-	-
Rental of property, plant and equipment	3,354	3,425	53	52
Research and development expenditure	19,405	17,468	-	-

The estimated monetary value of Executive Directors' benefits-in-kind of the Group is RM169,000 (2012: RM196,000).

* These fees have been assigned in favour of the Company where the Directors are employed.

17. TAXATION

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current taxation				
Malaysian				
- Current year	369	383	33	23
- Prior years	(323)	(204)	8	10
Overseas - current year	3,987	(332)	-	-
	4,033	(153)	41	33
Deferred taxation				
- Current year	2,844	(3,167)	-	-
- Prior years	(145)	(1,000)	-	-
	2,699	(4,167)	-	-
	6,732	(4,320)	41	33

Notes to the Financial Statements

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17. TAXATION *cont'd*

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Reconciliation of taxation				
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	21,053	(27,501)	22,950	19,595
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25%	5,263	(6,875)	5,738	4,899
Difference of tax rate in foreign jurisdiction	(2,996)	(68)	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	5,648	2,697	1,298	373
Tax exempt income	(10,921)	(1,072)	(7,003)	(5,249)
Effect of temporary differences arising in pioneer period	10,206	2,202	-	-
	7,200	(3,116)	33	23
(Over)/Under provision in prior years	(468)	(1,204)	8	10
	6,732	(4,320)	41	33

18. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER ORDINARY SHARE

Basic earnings/(loss) per ordinary share

The basic earnings per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company of RM10,948,000 (2012: loss attributable to owners of the Company of RM19,765,000) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year of 192,572,195 (2012: 193,764,419) calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

	2013 '000	2012 '000
Issued ordinary shares at 1 July	209,884	209,884
Less:		
Treasury shares held at 1 July	(10,986)	(10,986)
Trust shares held at 1 July	(5,134)	(5,134)
	193,764	193,764
Effect of purchase of Trust Shares held in ESOS Trusts	(1,192)	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	192,572	193,764

Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The Group has no dilution in its earnings per ordinary share in the current and previous financial year as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

19. DIVIDENDS

Dividends recognised in the current year by the Group and the Company are:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
First interim				
5.4 sen per share less tax (2012: 5.0 sen per share tax exempt)	7,799	9,688	7,966	9,895
Second interim				
5.0 sen per share tax exempt (2012: 5.0 sen per share tax exempt)	9,628	9,688	9,895	9,895
	17,427	19,376	17,861	19,790

Dividends received by the ESOS Trusts for the Group and the Company amounted to RM573,000 (2012: RM514,000) and RM139,000 (2012: RM100,000) respectively are eliminated against the dividend expense of the Company upon consolidation of the ESOS Trusts as disclosed in Note 2.2(i) (iii).

20. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group's operating and reportable segments are geographical segments by location of customers. For each geographical segment by location of customers, the Board of Directors reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

- Asia
- The United States of America ("USA"); and
- Europe

These segments are engaged in manufacturing and testing of semiconductor devices and electronic components and sale of leadframes.

Segment profit/(loss)

Performance is measured based on segment profit/(loss) before interest income, finance costs and taxation as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Board of Directors.

Segment assets

Segment assets information is not presented to the Board of Directors and hence no disclosure is made on segment assets.

Segment liabilities

Segment liabilities information is not presented to the Board of Directors and hence no disclosure is made on segment liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

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20. OPERATING SEGMENTS *cont'd*

	Asia		USA		Europe		Total	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Segment profit/(loss)	11,933	(11,983)	11,075	(2,995)	5,722	(4,384)	28,730	(19,362)
<i>Included in the measure of segment profit/(loss) are:</i>								
Revenue from external customers	573,202	576,162	362,478	301,451	290,604	314,109	1,226,284	1,191,722
Depreciation and amortisation	88,061	91,873	58,767	50,289	47,578	51,620	194,406	193,782
(Reversal of impairment)/ Impairment of property, plant and equipment	(3,218)	527	(3,091)	362	(3,156)	513	(9,465)	1,402
Property, plant and equipment written off	387	182	371	124	379	176	1,137	482

Reconciliations of reportable segment profit/(loss)

	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Profit/(Loss)		
Reportable segments	28,730	(19,362)
Non-reportable segments	(2,438)	(2,888)
Finance costs	(5,965)	(6,464)
Interest income	726	1,213
Consolidated profit/(loss) before taxation	21,053	(27,501)

20. OPERATING SEGMENTS *cont'd*

Geographical segments

Revenue of the Group by geographical location of the customers are as follows:

	Revenue	
	2013	2012
	RM'000	RM'000
USA	362,478	301,451
Singapore	268,135	237,424
Malaysia	133,606	148,062
Switzerland	85,905	105,320
Others	376,160	399,465
	1,226,284	1,191,722

Non-current assets (except for financial assets) of the Group by geographical location of the assets are as follows:

	Non-current assets		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysia	622,349	738,305	797,872
The People's Republic of China	339,452	320,711	234,819
Others	41	40	49
	961,842	1,059,056	1,032,740

Major customer

During the financial year, revenue from one single customer amounted to RM208,872,000 (2012: RM180,294,000) contributed to more than 17% (2012: 15%) of the Group's revenue.

21. COMMITMENTS

	Group		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment:			
Authorised and contracted for	13,783	79,341	113,934
Authorised but not contracted for	81,050	121,850	167,182
	94,833	201,191	281,116
Operating lease commitments:			
Expiring within one year	1,178	1,178	1,178
Expiring between one to five years	6,070	5,716	6,895
Expiring after five years	31,425	32,957	32,957
	38,673	39,851	41,030

Notes to the Financial Statements

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21. COMMITMENTS *cont'd*

Group

The Group has lease commitments of RM1,178,000 (2012: RM1,178,000) per annum in respect of three lots of land sub-leased at cost from a third party. The annual rental rate per square foot will increase by 30% every five years and the lease expires on 30 August 2031. The Group has an option to purchase outright from the third party, at market value, the remaining lease tenure of the land, which is exercisable in any of the calendar years 2014, 2019, 2024 and 2029. None of the leases include contingent rental.

22. RELATED PARTIES

The Group has related party transactions with corporations which are related to the Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company and/or related corporations and/or persons connected with them as follows:

- (i) Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad ("HLCM") is a major shareholder of the Company through Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd. YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan, a major shareholder of the Company, is a Director and a major shareholder of HLCM. YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San is a Director and a shareholder of the Company and HLCM. Mr Quek Leng Chye is a shareholder and a major shareholder of the Company and HLCM. Mr Kwek Leng Beng is a Director of HLCM and a major shareholder of the Company and HLCM. Mr Kwek Leng Kee is a major shareholder of the Company and HLCM. YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan, YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San and Mr Quek Leng Chye are brothers. HLCM is a person connected with YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan, YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San, Mr Quek Leng Chye, Mr Kwek Leng Beng and Mr Kwek Leng Kee;
- (ii) Hong Leong Industries Berhad ("HLI"), HLMG Management Co Sdn Bhd ("HMMC"), Hong Leong Assurance Berhad ("HLA"), Hong Leong Capital Berhad ("HLCB"), GuocoLand (Malaysia) Berhad ("GLM"), GuocoLeisure Limited ("GL") and Guoline Intellectual Assets Limited ("GIAL") are subsidiaries of HLCM; and
- (iii) Guardian Security Consultants Sdn Bhd ("GSC") is an indirect associate of HLCM.

Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

Transactions	Related party	Group	
		2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
(a) Rental of properties	HMMC	55	51
(b) Receipt of insurance and insurance broking services, stock broking and corporate advisory services, hotel-related services, security guard services, after sales services in respect of air conditioners and related products	HLA, HLCB and its subsidiaries, GLM, GL and its subsidiaries, GSC, HLI and its subsidiaries	94	127
(c) Receipt of group management and/or support services	Subsidiaries of HLCM	7,890	3,618
(d) Payment for usage of the Hong Leong logo and trade mark	GIAL	12	21

Significant balances with related parties at the reporting date are disclosed in Note 9 and Note 15 to the financial statements.

The above transactions have been carried out on commercial terms consistent with the usual business practices and policies of the Group and of the Company.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel includes all the Directors of the Group.

There are no transactions with any key management personnel during the year other than Directors' remuneration as disclosed in Note 16.

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

23.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

- (a) Loans and receivables (L&R);
- (b) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- (c) Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS); and
- (d) Other financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (OL).

	Carrying amount	L&R/ OL	FVTPL	AFS
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2013				
Financial assets				
Group				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	208,580	208,580	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	35,788	35,788	-	-
	244,414	244,368	-	46
Company				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	56,262	56,262	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	388	388	-	-
	56,696	56,650	-	46
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Loans and borrowings	184,473	184,473	-	-
Trade and other payables including derivatives	161,143	159,559	1,584	-
	345,616	344,032	1,584	-
Company				
Loans and borrowings	55,000	55,000	-	-
Trade and other payables	10,245	10,245	-	-
	65,245	65,245	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.1 Categories of financial instruments *cont'd*

	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ OL RM'000	FVTPL RM'000	AFS RM'000
30 June 2012				
Financial assets				
Group				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables including derivatives (excluding prepayments)	205,767	205,694	73	-
Cash and cash equivalents	43,556	43,556	-	-
	249,369	249,250	73	46
Company				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	56,624	56,624	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	641	641	-	-
	57,311	57,265	-	46
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Loans and borrowings	202,898	202,898	-	-
Trade and other payables including derivatives	257,199	254,749	2,450	-
	460,097	457,647	2,450	-
Company				
Loans and borrowings	63,000	63,000	-	-
Trade and other payables	7,667	7,667	-	-
	70,667	70,667	-	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.1 Categories of financial instruments *cont'd*

	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ OL RM'000	FVTPL RM'000	AFS RM'000
1 July 2011				
Financial assets				
Group				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables including derivatives (excluding prepayments)	197,458	196,580	878	-
Cash and cash equivalents	69,543	69,543	-	-
	267,047	266,123	878	46
Company				
Investments	46	-	-	46
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	53,481	53,481	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1,638	1,638	-	-
	55,165	55,119	-	46
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Loans and borrowings	207,456	207,456	-	-
Trade and other payables	219,397	219,397	-	-
	426,853	426,853	-	-
Company				
Loans and borrowings	47,100	47,100	-	-
Trade and other payables	21,335	21,335	-	-
	68,435	68,435	-	-

23.2 Net gains and losses arising from financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Net gains/(losses) arising from:				
Loans and receivables	16,228	14,381	(140)	3,330
Fair value through profit or loss	793	(3,255)	-	-
Other liabilities	(14,990)	(18,026)	(2,852)	(2,760)
	2,031	(6,900)	(2,992)	570

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS cont'd

23.3 Financial risk management

The Group and the Company have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

23.3.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group and the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its receivables from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans and advances to subsidiaries.

Receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

At the reporting date, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk for the Group and the Company is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from receivables is represented by the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are measured at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables, net of impairment loss, as at the end of the reporting period by geographic region was:

	Group		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
USA	46,753	53,374	45,430
Singapore	49,028	40,977	36,729
Malaysia	16,343	22,993	30,657
Taiwan	16,347	22,432	25,101
Switzerland	3,155	2,106	1,936
Others	56,716	46,660	49,247
	188,342	188,542	189,100

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.1 Credit risk *cont'd*

Receivables *cont'd*

Impairment losses

The ageing of receivables as at the end of the reporting period was:

	Gross RM'000	Individual impairment RM'000	Net RM'000
30 June 2013			
Not past due	140,934	(865)	140,069
Past due 1 - 30 days	47,173	(823)	46,350
Past due 31 - 60 days	2,451	(993)	1,458
Past due more than 60 days	3,670	(3,205)	465
	194,228	(5,886)	188,342
30 June 2012			
Not past due	134,065	-	134,065
Past due 1 - 30 days	49,575	(868)	48,707
Past due 31 - 60 days	6,271	(1,038)	5,233
Past due more than 60 days	3,397	(2,860)	537
	193,308	(4,766)	188,542
1 July 2011			
Not past due	146,123	-	146,123
Past due 1 - 30 days	41,143	(814)	40,329
Past due 31 - 60 days	4,410	(1,762)	2,648
Past due more than 60 days	1,274	(1,274)	-
	192,950	(3,850)	189,100

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of receivables during the financial year were:

	Group	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
At 1 July	4,766	3,850
Provision	1,120	916
At 30 June	5,886	4,766

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.1 Credit risk *cont'd*

Receivables *cont'd*

The allowance account in respect of receivables is used to record impairment losses. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivable directly.

Intercompany balances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides advances to its subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

Exposure to credit risk and credit quality

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

Impairment losses

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the loans and advances to the subsidiaries were not recoverable. The Company does not specifically monitor the ageing of the advances to the subsidiaries.

Cash and cash equivalents

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group's and Company's short term deposits are placed as fixed rates investments and upon which management endeavours to obtain the best rate available in the market.

Cash and cash equivalents are placed with reputable financial institutions.

Exposure to credit risk and credit quality

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

Impairment losses

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that cash and cash equivalents were not recoverable.

23.3.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, loans and borrowings.

The Group and the Company actively manage its operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all repayments and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group and the Company maintain sufficient levels of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities to meet its working capital requirements.

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.2 Liquidity risk *cont'd*

Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

Group	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000
30 June 2013					
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Trade and other payables	159,559		159,559	159,559	-
Loans and borrowings	184,473	0.9% - 4.2%	188,849	173,219	15,630
	344,032		348,408	332,778	15,630
<i>Derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Forward exchange contracts (gross settled):					
Outflow	1,584		225,847	225,847	-
Inflow	-		(224,263)	(224,263)	-
	345,616		349,992	334,362	15,630
Company					
	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2013					
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Trade and other payables	10,245		10,245	10,245	-
Loans and borrowings	55,000	3.8% - 4.2%	57,198	41,568	15,630
	65,245		67,443	51,813	15,630

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.2 Liquidity risk *cont'd*

Maturity analysis *cont'd*

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments: *cont'd*

Group	Carrying amount	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows	Under 1 year
	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2012				
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>				
Trade and other payables	254,749		254,749	254,749
Loans and borrowings	202,898	1.1% - 4.2%	207,393	207,393
	457,647		462,142	462,142
<i>Derivative financial liabilities</i>				
Forward exchange contracts (gross settled):				
Outflow	2,377		199,897	199,897
Inflow	-		(197,520)	(197,520)
	460,024		464,519	464,519
Company				
	Carrying amount	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows	Under 1 year
	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2012				
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>				
Trade and other payables	7,667		7,667	7,667
Loans and borrowings	63,000	3.8% - 4.2%	65,534	65,534
	70,667		73,201	73,201

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.2 Liquidity risk *cont'd*

Maturity analysis *cont'd*

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments: *cont'd*

Group	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000
1 July 2011					
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Trade and other payables	219,397		219,397	219,397	-
Loans and borrowings	207,456	0.9% - 4.2%	237,967	225,782	12,185
	426,853		457,364	445,179	12,185
<i>Derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Forward exchange contracts (gross settled):					
Outflow	-		132,847	132,847	-
Inflow	(878)		(133,725)	(133,725)	-
	425,975		456,486	444,301	12,185
Company					
1 July 2011					
<i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i>					
Trade and other payables	21,335		21,335	21,335	
Loans and borrowings	47,100	3.8% - 4.2%	49,030	49,030	
	68,435		70,365	70,365	

Notes to the Financial Statements

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23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Group's and the Company's financial position or cash flows.

Currency risk

The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily USD.

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Material foreign currency transaction exposures are hedged, mainly with derivative financial instruments such as forward foreign exchange contracts, on a case by case basis.

Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts (nominal amounts for the forward exchange contracts) as at the end of the reporting period was:

Group	Denominated in USD		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables	187,550	187,904	191,643
Forward exchange contracts - receivables	(224,263)	(197,520)	(133,725)
	(36,713)	(9,616)	57,918
Deposit with financial banks	19,907	4,831	17,943
Trade and other payables	(79,631)	(146,552)	(138,446)
Loans and borrowings	(90,506)	(111,447)	(92,138)
Net exposure	(186,943)	(262,784)	(154,723)

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 5% (2012: 5%) strengthening of the Ringgit Malaysia against USD at the end of the reporting period would have increased profit before taxation of the Group by RM9,347,000 (2012: decreased loss before taxation of the Group by RM13,139,000). A 5% (2012: 5%) weakening of the Ringgit Malaysia against USD would have had equal but opposite effect on profit or loss. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

Interest rate risk

The Group and the Company manage its interest rate exposure by maintaining available lines of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.3 Market risk *cont'd*

Interest rate risk *cont'd*

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period were:

	Group			Company		
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fixed rate instruments						
Deposits with licensed banks	10,000	14,556	40,455	-	478	1,515
Loans and borrowings	-	-	(46,388)	-	-	-
Floating rate instruments						
Loans and borrowings	(184,473)	(202,898)	(161,068)	(55,000)	(63,000)	(47,100)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and the Group does not designate derivatives as hedging instruments under a fair value hedged accounting model. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 50 basis points (bp) (2012: 50 bp) in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have decreased the profit before taxation of the Group and the Company by RM922,000 and RM275,000 (2012: increased the loss before taxation of the Group by RM1,014,000 and decreased the profit before taxation of the Company by RM315,000) respectively. A decrease of 50 bp in interest rates would have had equal but opposite effect on profit or loss. This analysis assumes that all other variables remained constant.

23.3.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and borrowings approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature or repricing period of these financial instruments.

It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Group's investment in unquoted shares due to the lack of comparable quoted market prices and the inability to estimate fair value without incurring excessive costs.

There were no material differences between the carrying amounts and the fair values of other financial assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *cont'd*

23.3 Financial risk management *cont'd*

23.3.5 Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 : Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 : Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 : Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Group	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
30 June 2013	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets			
Investments	-	46	-
Financial liabilities			
Forward exchange contracts	-	(1,584)	-
<hr/>			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
30 June 2012	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets			
Investments	-	46	-
Forward exchange contracts	-	73	-
	-	119	-
Financial liabilities			
Forward exchange contracts	-	(2,450)	-
<hr/>			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
1 July 2011	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets			
Investments	-	46	-
Forward exchange contracts	-	878	-
	-	924	-

24. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Directors monitor and determine to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio.

The debt-to-equity ratios are as follows:

	30.6.2013	Group 30.6.2012	1.7.2011
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Total loans and borrowings	184,473	202,898	207,456
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(35,788)	(43,556)	(69,543)
Net debt	148,685	159,342	137,913
Total equity	916,056	933,848	969,139
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.16	0.17	0.14

Under the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Practice Note No. 17/2005, the Company is required to maintain a consolidated shareholders' equity equal to or not less than the 25 percent of the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) and such shareholders' equity is not less than RM40 million. The Company has complied with this requirement.

25. SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION

Amkor Technology, Inc. ("Amkor") filed a complaint with the International Trade Commission ("ITC") on 17 November 2003 alleging Carsem (M) Sdn Bhd, Carsem Semiconductor Sdn Bhd (now known as Recams Sdn Bhd) and Carsem Inc. (collectively "Carsem Group") of infringing three of Amkor's United States Patents. Amkor also filed a civil lawsuit at the District Court on even date alleging Carsem Group of infringing the same three patents which are the subject of the ITC Investigation.

After several years of investigations, the ITC had, on 20 July 2010, issued the final determination and found that the claims of Amkor's patents are invalid and not infringed and that Carsem Group had not violated the Tariff Act by importing the Micro Leadframe Package (MLP) Products which Amkor had accused of infringement ("ITC's Decision").

Amkor appealed against ITC's Decision to the Court of Appeals of the Federal Circuit ("CAFC").

The parties have requested the District Judge continue to stay all proceedings in the District Court case pending the final outcome of the ITC proceedings. The District Court continued the Stay Order.

On 22 August 2012, the CAFC reversed the ITC's determination on prior invention and remanded the case to the ITC for further proceedings consistent with the decision. Carsem Group has on 5 October 2012 filed a petition for rehearing at the CAFC.

The CAFC has denied Carsem Group's petition for re-hearing of the appeal. The case has been remanded to the ITC for further proceedings consistent with the CAFC's decision.

Carsem Group filed a request with the US Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") for re-examination of Amkor's '277 patent on 15 September 2012. On 10 January 2013, the PTO issued an Office Action rejecting all 25 claims of the patent on multiple grounds. By the 15 August 2013, both Amkor and Carsem Group had filed their responses which are currently under consideration by the PTO.

On 5 February 2013, the parties filed their response submissions concerning the remand proceedings with the ITC. Further briefings were filed by both parties on 16 July 2013. ITC has not set a date for its review of the briefing and has not identified the further proceedings it intends to undertake thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

26. EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO MFRSs

As stated in Note 2.1, these are the first financial statements of the Group and of the Company prepared in accordance with MFRSs.

The accounting policies set out in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 and in the preparation of the opening MFRS statements of financial position at 1 July 2011 (the Group's date of transition to MFRSs).

The transition to MFRSs does not have financial impact to the separate financial statements of the Company.

In preparing the opening consolidated statement of financial position at 1 July 2011, the Group has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with previous FRSs. An explanation of how the transition from previous FRSs to MFRSs has affected the Group's financial position is set out as follows:

26.1 Reconciliation of financial position

Group	Note	1.7.2011		30.6.2012			
		FRSs RM'000	Effect of transition to MFRSs RM'000	MFRSs RM'000	FRSs RM'000	Effect of transition to MFRSs RM'000	MFRSs RM'000
Assets							
Property, plant and equipment		1,020,347	-	1,020,347	1,045,585	-	1,045,585
Investments		46	-	46	46	-	46
Intangible assets		12,393	-	12,393	12,393	-	12,393
Deferred tax assets		-	-	-	1,078	-	1,078
Total non- current assets		1,032,786	-	1,032,786	1,059,102	-	1,059,102
Inventories		102,270	-	102,270	93,418	-	93,418
Trade and other receivables including derivatives		215,142	-	215,142	218,276	-	218,276
Current tax assets		35	-	35	35	-	35
Cash and cash equivalents		69,543	-	69,543	43,556	-	43,556
Total current assets		386,990	-	386,990	355,285	-	355,285
Total assets		1,419,776	-	1,419,776	1,414,387	-	1,414,387

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

26. EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO MFRSs *cont'd*

26.1 Reconciliation of financial position *cont'd*

Group	Note	1.7.2011			30.6.2012		
		FRSs RM'000	Effect of transition to MFRSs RM'000	MFRSs RM'000	FRSs RM'000	Effect of transition to MFRSs RM'000	MFRSs RM'000
Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
Share capital		104,942	-	104,942	104,942	-	104,942
Reserves	a	807,090	-	807,090	784,214	-	784,214
Treasury shares, at cost		(163,803)	-	(163,803)	(163,803)	-	(163,803)
		748,229	-	748,229	725,353	-	725,353
Non-controlling interests		220,910	-	220,910	208,495	-	208,495
Total equity		969,139	-	969,139	933,848	-	933,848
Liabilities							
Loans and borrowings		12,097	-	12,097	-	-	-
Employee benefits		422	-	422	422	-	422
Deferred tax liabilities		21,146	-	21,146	18,057	-	18,057
Total non-current liabilities		33,665	-	33,665	18,479	-	18,479
Trade and other payables including derivatives		219,397	-	219,397	257,199	-	257,199
Loans and borrowings		195,359	-	195,359	202,898	-	202,898
Current tax liabilities		2,216	-	2,216	1,963	-	1,963
Total current liabilities		416,972	-	416,972	462,060	-	462,060
Total liabilities		450,637	-	450,637	480,539	-	480,539
Total equity and liabilities		1,419,776	-	1,419,776	1,414,387	-	1,414,387

Notes to the Financial Statements

cont'd

26. EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO MFRSs cont'd

26.1a Reserves

Group	1.7.2011			30.6.2012		
	FRSs	Effect of transition to MFRSs	MFRSs	FRSs	Effect of transition to MFRSs	MFRSs
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Share premium	249,952	-	249,952	249,952	-	249,952
Capital redemption reserve	1,050	-	1,050	1,050	-	1,050
Capital reserve	5,035	-	5,035	7,137	-	7,137
Exchange fluctuation reserve	4,922	(4,922)	-	21,187	(4,922)	16,265
Reserve for own shares	(49,253)	-	(49,253)	(49,253)	-	(49,253)
Retained earnings	595,384	4,922	600,306	554,141	4,922	559,063
Total reserves	807,090	-	807,090	784,214	-	784,214

26.2 Material adjustments to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2012

There are no material differences between the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and cash flows presented under MFRSs and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and cash flows presented under FRSs.

26.3 Notes to reconciliation

Foreign currency translation reserve

Under FRSs, the Group recognised foreign currency translation differences in other comprehensive income and accumulated the amount in the exchange equalisation reserve in equity.

Upon transition to MFRSs, the Group has elected to deem all foreign currency translation differences that arose prior to the date of transition in respect of all foreign operations to be nil at the date of transition.

27. SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON THE BREAKDOWN OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company, into realised and unrealised profits/ (losses), are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000	2013 RM'000	2012 RM'000
Total retained earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries:				
- realised	618,601	638,448	238,106	229,578
- unrealised	(15,000)	(11,563)	(346)	3,134
	603,601	626,885	237,760	232,712
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(53,262)	(67,822)	-	-
Total retained earnings	550,339	559,063	237,760	232,712

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.



Statement by Directors

pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 34 to 86 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards, and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 June 2013 of their financial performances and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in Note 27 on page 87 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

On behalf of the Board,

Datuk Kwek Leng San

Peter Nigel Yates

Kuala Lumpur
27 August 2013



Statutory Declaration

pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, Cheah Wing Ket, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of MALAYSIAN PACIFIC INDUSTRIES BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 34 to 87 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named, Cheah Wing Ket at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on 27 August 2013.

Cheah Wing Ket

Before me:

Mohan A.S. Maniam
Commissioner for oaths
Kuala Lumpur



Independent Auditors' Report

to the Members of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2013 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 34 to 86.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 June 2013 and of their financial performances and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We have considered the accounts and the auditors' report of the subsidiary of which we have not acted as auditors, which is indicated in Note 3 to the financial statements.
- (c) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purpose of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (d) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.



Independent Auditors' Report

to the Members of Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad

cont'd

OTHER REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information set out in Note 27 on page 87 to the financial statements has been compiled by the Company as required by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements and is not required by the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards or International Financial Reporting Standards. We have extended our audit procedures to report on the process of compilation of such information. In our opinion, the information has been properly compiled, in all material respects, in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

OTHER MATTERS

As stated in Note 2.1 to the financial statements, Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad adopted Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") on 1 July 2012 with a transition date of 1 July 2011. These standards were applied retrospectively by the Directors to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2012 and 1 July 2011, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2012 and related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the comparative information that is prepared in accordance with MFRSs and IFRSs, and hence it is unaudited. Our responsibilities as part of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013 have, in these circumstances, included obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence that the opening balances as at 1 July 2012 do not contain misstatements that materially affect the financial position as of 30 June 2013 and financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

KPMG

Firm Number: AF 0758
Chartered Accountants

Adrian Lee Lye Wang

Approval Number: 2679/11/13(J)
Chartered Accountant

Petaling Jaya, Selangor
27 August 2013

1. PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

Location	Tenure	Existing Use	Acquisition Date	Approximate Area (Sq Ft)	Approximate Age of Building (Year)	Net Book Value as at 30 June 2013 (RM'000)
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	20 Apr 2074	Office and factory building	21 Sep 1998	158,297	17 - 38	11,927
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	15 Aug 2081	Office and factory building	21 Sep 1998	64,469	15 -25	11,459
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	23 May 2082	Office and factory building	21 Sep 1998	19,849	17 - 25	643
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	08 May 2039	Industrial land-factory under construction	28 Jan 1999 & 30 Mar 1998	53,274	-	12,859
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	08 May 2039	Office and factory building	07 Apr 1989	45,680	19	842
Jalan Lapangan Terbang 30720 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan	06 Nov 2063	Multi-storey car park	07 Nov 2003	66,812	6	5,819
Lot 52986 Kawasan Perindustrian Taman Meru, Jelapang Perak Darul Ridzuan	29 Oct 2091	Office and factory building	30 Oct 1992	1,348,966	22	43,127
No. 88, West Shen Hu Road Suzhou Industrial Park, Suzhou, Province of Jiangsu, 215021 The People's Republic of China	19 Aug 2052	Office and factory building	30 Apr 2002	645,823	10	21,861
Lot 2367, Bayan Lepas Pulau Pinang	30 Aug 2031	Office and factory building *	18 Jun 1995	257,000	19	22,284
Lot 8, Bayan Lepas Pulau Pinang	06 Jan 2070	Office and factory building	18 Jun 1995	227,441	14	13,804
Plot 15, Bayan Lepas Pulau Pinang	06 Jan 2070	Vacant office and factory building	24 Feb 2005	208,357	8	22,493

* This building is situated on an operating lease land as disclosed in Note 21 of the financial statements

Other Information

cont'd

2. ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2013

- Class of Shares : Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each
- Voting Rights
- On a show of hands : 1 vote
 - On a poll : 1 vote for each share held

Distribution Schedule Of Shareholders As At 2 September 2013

Size of Holdings	No. of Shareholders	%	No. of Shares*	%
Less than 100	717	10.64	15,143	0.01
100 – 1,000	2,233	33.15	1,427,447	0.72
1,001 – 10,000	3,001	44.55	11,714,146	5.89
10,001 – 100,000	689	10.23	19,510,186	9.81
100,001 – less than 5% of issued shares	95	1.41	66,280,909	33.32
5% and above of issued shares	1	0.02	99,950,588	50.25
	6,736	100.00	198,898,419	100.00

Note

* Excluding 10,986,000 shares bought back and retained by the Company as treasury shares

List Of Thirty Largest Shareholders As At 2 September 2013

Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares	%
1. Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd	99,950,588	50.25
2. Amanahraya Trustees Berhad - Skim Amanah Saham Bumiputera	7,957,200	4.00
3. Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad (Carsem-ESOS)	7,783,600	3.91
4. Amanahraya Trustees Berhad - Public Smallcap Fund	7,403,600	3.72
5. Low Poh Weng	4,542,500	2.29
6. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Citigroup Global Markets Limited	4,159,000	2.09
7. Pertubuhan Keselamatan Sosial	3,555,100	1.79
8. Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Hong Leong Industries Berhad	2,438,469	1.23
9. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Maybank Trustees Berhad for Public Itfikal Fund	2,052,400	1.03
10. Hong Leong Assurance Berhad - As Beneficial Owner	1,952,238	0.98
11. Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Eastspring Investments Berhad	1,332,100	0.67
12. Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad (ESOS)	1,157,200	0.58

2. ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2013 *cont'd*

List Of Thirty Largest Shareholders As At 2 September 2013 *cont'd*

	Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares	%
13.	HLIB Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Hong Leong Fund Management Sdn Bhd for Asia Fountain Investment Company Limited	1,000,000	0.50
14.	Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Soft Portfolio Sdn Bhd	995,500	0.50
15.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Coutts & Co Ltd HK for Kwek Leng San	990,000	0.50
16.	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Fund	961,875	0.49
17.	Assets Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad (DCI-ESOS)	850,000	0.43
18.	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - AmTrustee Berhad for Pacific Pearl Fund	758,000	0.38
19.	Hong Bee Hardware Company, Sdn. Berhad	757,250	0.38
20.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Chan See Min Realty Sdn Bhd	550,000	0.28
21.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for HSBC Amanah Lifeselect Equity Fund	530,800	0.27
22.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Pertubuhan Keselamatan Sosial	501,800	0.25
23.	Reuben Tan Cherh Chung	500,000	0.25
24.	HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Chut Nyak Isham Bin Nyak Ariff	455,850	0.23
25.	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Poh Soon Sim	413,100	0.21
26.	Grandeur Holdings Sdn Bhd	383,250	0.19
27.	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for DFA Emerging Markets Small Cap Series	364,713	0.18
28.	Tan Hua Tong	360,000	0.18
29.	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad - Public Ittikal Sequel Fund	324,800	0.16
30.	Leong Kok Tai	302,200	0.15
		155,283,133	78.07

Other Information

cont'd

2. ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2013 cont'd

Substantial Shareholders

According to the Register of Substantial Shareholders, the substantial shareholders of the Company as at 2 September 2013 are as follows:

	Name of Shareholders	Direct Interest		Indirect Interest	
		No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
1.	Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd	99,950,588	50.25	2,438,469	1.23 [^]
2.	Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad ("HLCM")	-	-	105,748,357	53.17 [^]
3.	YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan	-	-	107,782,357	54.19 [*]
4.	HL Holdings Sdn Bhd	-	-	105,748,357	53.17 [#]
5.	Hong Realty (Private) Limited	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
6.	Hong Leong Investment Holdings Pte. Ltd.	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
7.	Kwek Holdings Pte Ltd	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
8.	Mr Kwek Leng Beng	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
9.	Mr Kwek Leng Kee	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
10.	Davos Investment Holdings Private Limited	-	-	106,505,607	53.55 [°]
11.	Mr Quek Leng Chye	150,000	0.08	106,505,607	53.55 [°]

Notes

[^] Held through subsidiary(ies).

^{*} Held through HLCM and companies in which YBhg Tan Sri Quek Leng Chan and his children have interests.

[#] Held through HLCM.

[°] Held through HLCM and a company in which the substantial shareholder has interest.

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2013

Subsequent to the financial year end, there is no change, as at 2 September 2013, to the Directors' interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and/or its related corporations (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries), appearing in the Directors' Report on page on 31 as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 1965.

4. SHARE BUYBACK

The Company did not buy back any of its shares during the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

5. MATERIAL CONTRACTS AS AT 2 SEPTEMBER 2013

There are no material contracts (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business) which had been entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving the interest of Directors and major shareholders, either still subsisting at the end of the financial year or entered into since the end of the previous financial year pursuant to Item 21, Part A, Appendix 9C of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.



Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad (4817-U)

A Member of the Hong Leong Group

FORM OF PROXY

I/We _____

NRIC/Passport/Company No. _____

of _____

being a member of **MALAYSIAN PACIFIC INDUSTRIES BERHAD** (the "Company"), hereby appoint _____

NRIC/Passport No. _____

of _____

or failing him/her, _____

NRIC/Passport No. _____

of _____

or failing him/her, the Chairman of the meeting, as my/our proxy/proxies to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Fifty-second Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at the Theatre, Level 1, Wisma Hong Leong, 18 Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur on Thursday, 17 October 2013 at 11.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

My/Our proxy/proxies is/are to vote either on a show of hands or on a poll as indicated below with an "X":

RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST
1. To approve the payment of Director fees		
2. To re-elect YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San as a Director		
3. To re-elect Ms Lim Tau Kien as a Director		
4. To re-appoint Messrs KPMG as Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration		
Special Business		
5. To approve the ordinary resolution on authority to Directors to issue shares		
6. To approve the ordinary resolution on the proposed shareholders' mandate on recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad ("HLCM") and persons connected with HLCM		
7. To approve the ordinary resolution on the proposed establishment of an executive share grant scheme		
8. To approve the ordinary resolution on the proposed allocation of grants to Mr Peter Nigel Yates		
9. To approve the ordinary resolution on the proposed renewal of authority for the purchase of own shares by the Company		
10. To approve the special resolution on the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company		

Dated this _____ day of _____, 2013

Number of shares held _____

Signature(s) of Member _____

Notes

- For the purpose of determining members' eligibility to attend this meeting, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 10 October 2013 shall be entitled to attend this meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and vote on their behalf.
- If you wish to appoint other person(s) to be your proxy, insert the name(s) and address(es) of the person(s) desired in the space so provided.
- If there is no indication as to how you wish your vote(s) to be cast, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.
- A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provision of Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply to the Company.
- Save for a member who is an exempt authorised nominee, a member shall not be entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint not more than two proxies in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account. A member who is an exempt authorised nominee for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account") may appoint any number of proxies in respect of the Omnibus Account.
- Where two or more proxies are appointed, the proportions of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies, failing which the appointments shall be invalid (please see note 9 below).
- In the case where a member is a corporation, this Form of Proxy must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of its Attorney.
- All Forms of Proxy must be duly executed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at Level 9, Wisma Hong Leong, 18 Jalan Perak, 50450 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight hours before the time of the meeting or adjourned meeting.
- In the event two or more proxies are appointed, please fill in the ensuing section:

Name of Proxies	% of shareholdings to be represented

Fold This Flap For Sealing

Then Fold Here

Affix
Stamp

The Company Secretaries
Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad
Level 9, Wisma Hong Leong
18 Jalan Perak
50450 Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia

1st Fold Here
