CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE : 3867

COMPANY NAME: Malaysian Pacific Industries Berhad ("the Company")

FINANCIAL YEAR : June 30, 2021

OUTLINE:

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCEDisclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

0	_	A conditional
Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	••	The Board of Directors ("Board") assumes responsibility for effective stewardship and control of the Company and has established terms of reference ("TOR") to assist in the discharge of this responsibility.
		In discharging its responsibilities, the Board has established functions which are reserved for the Board and those which are delegated to management. The key roles and responsibilities of the Board are set out in the Board Charter, which is reviewed annually by the Board and published on the Company's website at www.mpind.my . The key roles and responsibilities of the Board broadly cover reviewing and approving corporate policies and broad strategies, overseeing and evaluating the conduct of the Group's businesses, identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage those risks, and reviewing and approving key matters such as financial results, investments and divestments, acquisitions and disposals, and major capital expenditure.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are req	uir	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns	s be	elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Chairman is a Non-Executive Director. He leads the Board and ensures its smooth and effective functioning and has specific responsibilities as set out in the Board Charter as published on the Company's website at www.mpind.my .
Explanation for :	
departure	
•	
Largo companios aro roqu	irad to complete the columns helpy. Non large companies are encouraged
•	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns i	pelow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the Group Managing Director ("GMD"). This division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the GMD ensures an appropriate balance of roles, responsibilities and accountability.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are requi	l red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board is supported by Company Secretaries who are qualified to act under Section 235 of the Companies Act 2016. They are Associate Members of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators ("MAICSA") and hold practicing certificates issued by Companies Commission of Malaysia ("CCM"). The Company Secretaries attend programmes and seminars to keep themselves abreast with, inter alia, regulatory requirements, company law and corporate governance.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are rea	uir	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	Prior to Board and Board Committee meetings, Directors are provided with minutes of previous meeting(s). The agenda together with meeting reports and reference materials are disseminated electronically via 'Board PAC', an iPad-based solution which stores meeting documents digitally in a secured manner.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies—

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The key roles and responsibilities of the Board are set out in the Board Charter and published on the Company's website at www.mpind.my . The last review of the Board Charter by the Board was carried out in August 2020.
Explanation for departure	
Large companies are requ to complete the columns	ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged low.
Measure	
Timeframe	

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board observes and adopts the Code of Ethics for Company Directors established by CCM ("Director Code"). The Group is committed to good business ethics and integrity as set out in the Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Code of Conduct and Ethics ("HLMG Code"). To this, the Group commits to a high standard of professionalism and ethics in the conduct of business and professional activities. The HLMG Code serves as guiding principles in the day-to-day activities of the Group and reminds employees to maintain at all times the highest standards of conduct and to always demonstrate professional and personal integrity in the conduct of business activities and in dealings with stakeholders, customers, colleagues and regulators. The HLMG Code is applicable to: all employees who work in the Group across the jurisdictions in which the Group operates — including but not limited to permanent, part-time and temporary employees; and any other persons permitted to perform duties or functions within the Group — including but not limited to vendors, service providers, contractors, secondees, interns, industrial attachment and agency staff. As the HLMG Code forms part of the terms and conditions of employment, employees are required to adhere to a high standard of professionalism and ethics in the conduct of their business and professional activities.

	With the adoption of MS ISO 37001:2016 as the Group's Anti-Bribery and Corruption Management System, the Board has approved an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy ("ABC Policy") which is part of the Group's commitment to conducting business ethically in compliance with the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 and all applicable anti-bribery and corruption laws of every country in which the Group operates. All employees, directors (executive and non-executive) and any person who performs services for and on behalf of the Group, which includes contractors, subcontractors, consultants, suppliers, agents, intermediaries and representatives of the Group are required to adhere to the ABC Policy.
	Declaration Policy, all employees are required to submit an annual declaration on their compliance with the HLMG Code and the ABC Policy. New employees are required to make the self-declaration upon joining. The Director Code, HLMG Code and ABC Policy are available on the Company's website at www.mpind.my .
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	
	1

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application		Applied
Application	•	Applied
Explanation on	:	The Company has a Whistleblowing Policy and it provides a
•	•	, , ,
application of the		structured channel for all employees of the Group to report any
practice		concern on any improper conduct or wrongful act committed within
		the Group. The Whistleblowing Policy is published on the
		Company's website at <u>www.mpind.my</u> .
Explanation for		
departure	-	
departure		
Large companies are rea	uir	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns		,
to complete the columns	De	LIOW.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.1

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board currently comprises six (6) Directors, four (4) of whom are independent.
Explanation for		
departure		
departure		
	:	led to complete the columns below. Non-laws companies are consequent
•		ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns	be	elow.
Measure		
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	:	Not applicable - No independent director(s) serving beyond 9 years
Explanation on application of the practice	:	
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are re to complete the colum	•	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.3 - Step Up

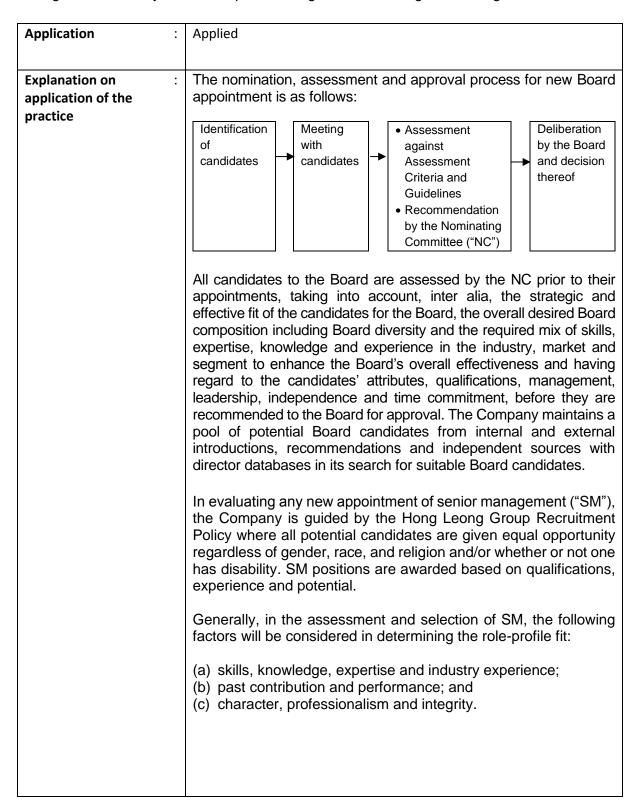
The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	The Company has in place an Independence of Directors Policy ("ID Policy") which sets out, among others, the tenure of Independent Directors ("IDs") of the Company states that an ID shall not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years from the date of his or her first appointment in the Company.

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.4

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.



	Each and every candidate for SM role has to go through a screening process where his/her competency and potential are assessed through a mix of interviews, aptitude test, competency and/or psychometric assessments in order to ensure the candidate has the right personal profile to be successful in the role.
	Pre-employment and Post-employment screenings are also performed to determine past performance track records, conduct, and behaviour of the selected candidate.
	For SM positions, final approval for hiring would be obtained from the President of Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd, in addition to the review and approval of the respective Human Resource Hiring Manager and GMD to ensure hiring decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the Company, taking into account multiple perspectives and insights. Where required, Board's approval is also obtained for certain roles.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are requir to complete the columns be	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Company has in place a Board Diversity Policy. There are two (2) women directors representing 33% of women participation on Board.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are reg	uir	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns	be	elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	In search for suitable Board candidates, the Company maintains a pool of potential Board candidates from internal and external introductions, recommendations and independent sources with director databases, including databases for women directors.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requ	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	pelow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on		The Chairman of the NC is an Independent Non-Executive
application of the		Director.
practice		
Explanation for	:	
departure		
		ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns	be	elow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe		

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

Application :	Departure		
Explanation on : application of the practice			
Explanation for : departure	The Board is of the view that the current evaluation process adopted by the Company is adequate to determine the effectiveness of the Board, its Board Committees, and each individual Director and Board Committee member and sufficient to provide an objective and candid evaluation.		
	A formal evaluation process has already been put in place to assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, Board Committees as a whole and the contribution and performance of each individual Director, Board Committee member, chief executive and chief financial officer on an annual basis.		
Large companies are require to complete the columns b		Non-large companies are encouraged	
Measure :	The Board will undertake an annual review on the need for engaging independent experts for board evaluation.		
Timeframe :	Others	Yearly Assessment in 2022	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The level of remuneration of non-executive directors reflects the scope of responsibilities and commitment undertaken by them, industry benchmark as well as complexity of the Group's businesses.
		Hong Leong Manufacturing Group adopts Hong Leong Group's total compensation philosophy which promotes high performing culture, alignment of corporate values and vertical and horizontal equity. The rewards strategy focuses on providing a competitive remuneration and benefits package, as well as ample career progression opportunities for employees.
		The rewards framework focuses on a balanced and right pay mix to achieve the desired long-term business performance. The framework includes base pay, cash allowances, performance-based variable pay, long-term incentives, benefits and other employees' programmes.
		The rewards framework ensures that employees are paid competitively against the industry and talent market the company is operating in, delivered via a combination of cash and non-cash elements such as shares or share-linked instruments.
		Key performance indicators and key results areas ("KRA") of employees are measured and tracked diligently to ensure strong alignment of employee output to the overall business strategy and direction of the company.
		Remuneration Process
		Another critical part of the remuneration delivery process is the review and approving structure. Each year, the variable remuneration pool is reviewed and approved by the management of Hong Leong Manufacturing Group. The pool will be allocated to the business units and functions corresponding to their respective performance.

	Remuneration of each individual is then formulated based on the Strategic Business Group's performance, the operating company's performance, the department's performance and the individual's contribution.
	Remuneration of the GMD and key senior management will also be tabled to the Board for consideration and approval.
	Remuneration Structure
	GMD and SM
	The remuneration structure for the GMD and SM varies in accordance with the job grades and the operational/functional responsibilities, and is weighted towards performance related elements that take into account individual, functional and corporate performance.
	The components of the remuneration include the following:
	(a) Fixed remuneration
	 The fixed remuneration includes the following: (i) basic salary (including the statutory contribution to the Employees Provident Fund) which is based on duties, responsibilities and job grades; and (ii) others.
	(b) Variable remuneration
	The variable remuneration of the GMD and SM depends on the performance of the Group for the relevant FY, which is determined based on the individual KRA and aligned to the Hong Leong Vision, guided by the Group Reward Handbook. It includes the following: (i) cash based; (ii) share and share linked instruments; and (iii) others.
Explanation for : departure	
departure	
Large companies are requir to complete the columns be	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application :	Departure		
Explanation on : application of the practice			
Explanation for : departure	The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee ("RC"). The Board is of the view that it is not necessary for the Company to establish a RC for the time being given the current size of the Board. The Board as a whole functions as the RC. The Board has undertaken an annual review on the need for a RC and continues to hold the view that the Board has effectively functioned as the RC.		
Large companies are requi to complete the columns b	•	Non-large companies are encouraged	
Measure :	The Board will continue to undertake an annual review on the need for a RC to be established.		
Timeframe :	Others	Yearly Assessment in 2022	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application :	Applied				
Explanation on : application of the practice	The remuneration to be re 2021 is set out in the table A) Company		each of t	he Directo	or for FY
	2021	Salaries and bonuses and defined contribution retirement plan (RM)	Director fees (RM)	Estimated money value for benefits- in-kind (RM)	Total (RM)
	Executive Director				
	Mr Manuel Zarauza Brandulas	-	-	-	-
	Non-Executive Directors				
	YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San	-	-	28,000	28,000
	Ms Lim Tau Kien	-	130,000	-	130,000
	Ir. Dennis Ong Lee Khian YBhg Dato' Mohamad	=	126,000	-	126,000
	Kamarudin Bin Hassan	-	120,000	-	120,000
	Dr Tunku Alina Binti Raja Muhd Alias	-	86,000	-	86,000
	Total Directors' Remuneration	-	462,000	28,000	490,000

	B) Group				
	ου Gιουρ				
	2021	Salaries and bonuses and defined contribution retirement plan (RM)	Director fees (RM)	Estimated money value for benefits- in-kind (RM)	Total (RM)
	Executive Director				
	Mr Manuel Zarauza Brandulas	9,009,262	-	244,198	9,253,460
	Non-Executive Directors				
	YBhg Datuk Kwek Leng San	-	40,000	28,000	68,000
	Ms Lim Tau Kien	-	130,000	-	130,000
	Ir. Dennis Ong Lee Khian	=	126,000	-	126,000
	YBhg Dato' Mohamad Kamarudin Bin Hassan	-	120,000	-	120,000
	Dr Tunku Alina Binti Raja Muhd Alias	-	86,000	-	86,000
	Total Directors' Remuneration	9,009,262	502,000	272,198	9,783,460
	Sdn Bhd, together with its sul Pacific Industries Berhad and and Officers Liability Insurance in their respective capacity as subject to the terms of the publicability Insurance effected for million. The total amount of programmer in Insurance by the Group was a premium paid by the Company	its subsidiarie in respect of lia, in the alia, Di olicy. The total the Directors a emium paid for M57,711 and	s) are cover abilities aris rectors and amount of and Officers the Direct the apportion	ered under the sing from acts of Officers of Directors a of the Groupors and Officers and Officers	ne Directors s committed f the Group and Officers o was RM10 cers Liability
Explanation for : departure					
Large companies are requir to complete the columns be	red to complete the columns are elow.	below. Non-lo	arge comp	anies are e	ncouraged
Measure :					
Timeframe :					

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

Application :	Departure		
Explanation on :			
application of the			
practice			
Explanation for :		the Group to disclose detailed	
departure	remuneration components of the top five (5) SM in bands of RM50,000 on a named basis in view of confidentiality and security reasons. In addition, the Group is operating in a very competitive environment where talent retention is a challenge.		
	The Company has disclosed the remuneration of the top five (5) SM of the Group (who are not Directors or the GMD of the Company) from an alternative perspective which is intended to achieve a similar outcome by segregating into categories as disclosed below for FY 2021:		
	Categories	Remuneration (RM)	
	Salaries and bonuses and defined contribution retireme	4,274,724 ent plan	
	Estimated money value for 40,112 benefits-in-kind		
	Total	4,314,836	
	•	Non-large companies are encouraged	
to complete the columns be	elow.		
Measure :	The Board will continuously assess the implications in respect of such disclosure for future consideration.		
Timeframe :	Others	Yearly Assessment in 2022	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.1

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application	:	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board Audit & Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") comprises three (3) members who are IDs. The Chairman of the BARMC is not the Chairman of the Board.	
Explanation for departure	:		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged			
to complete the columns below.			
Measure			
Timeframe	:		

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a coolingoff period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application :	Applied		
Explanation on : application of the practice	The BARMC has observed Practice 8.2 and incorporated such policy into the Company's Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Charter.		
	None of the present BARMC members are former audit partners in the last three (3) years before their appointment as BARMC members.		
Explanation for : departure			
Large companies are requi	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged		
to complete the columns below.			
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

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Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	The BARMC has adopted a process and procedure for assessment of new appointment or re-appointment of external auditors and the criteria used in such assessment. The BARMC has obtained written assurance from the external auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.	
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application	:	Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	:	All members of the BARMC are IDs.

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	The members of the BARMC collectively possess the necessary skills and knowledge to discharge their duties and are financially literate. The profiles of the members are provided in the Annual Report. The Chairman of the BARMC is a Chartered Accountant. The BARMC members had during FY 2021 attended various training programmes and seminars organised by relevant regulatory authorities and professional bodies to broaden their knowledge and to keep abreast with the relevant developments in finance/accounting, anti-bribery and corruption management, environmental, social and governance (ESG), information technology, laws and regulations, risk management, corporate governance and business environment, including the impact of coronavirus disease (COVID-19).	
Explanation for departure		
Large companies are requ	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.	
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Measure :		
Timeframe		
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Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.1The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board recognises its overall responsibility for the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and risk management framework to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. The Board exercises its oversight of risk management and internal control through the BARMC which meets on a quarterly basis and supported by an adequately resourced Group Internal Audit ("IA") Department ("GIAD"). Management is accountable to the Board for the risk management and internal control system and for the implementation of processes to identify, evaluate, monitor and report risks and controls. The Board adopts MS ISO 31000:2010 as its risk management framework. The Group's system of risk management and internal control are designed to meet the Group's particular needs, to efficiently and effectively manage risks that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives, and to provide information for accurate reporting and ensure compliances with regulatory and statutory requirements. Key business risks and risks exceeding tolerance levels would be escalated to the BARMC and if necessary, to the Board for deliberation. Further details can be obtained from the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control in the 2021 Annual Report of the Company.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requ to complete the columns i	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.

Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on : application of the practice	: The Board has entrusted the BARMC to provide oversight of the Group's system of risk management and internal control. The BARMC is assisted by the GIAD in this role. The Board adopts MS ISO 31000:2010 as its risk management framework. The Group's system of risk management and internal control is designed to manage and mitigate, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business and corporate objectives within the risk appetite established by the Board and management. In addition, for bribery and corruption risks, the Group adopts MS ISO 37001:2016 (Anti-Bribery Management System) and the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures pursuant to Subsection (5) of Section 17A under the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 to prevent, detect and respond to bribery and corruption risks. These systems can therefore provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.	
	On an on-going basis, each operating company's chief executive and authorised risk owners have clear accountabilities to monitor its existing risks, identify emerging risks and update the enterprise-wide risk registers, maintain the adequacy, effectiveness and relevance of action plans and control systems to manage risks, and prepare risk management report on a quarterly basis for reporting to the BARMC.	
	Key business risks and risks exceeding tolerance levels would be escalated to the BARMC and if necessary, to the Board for deliberation.	
	Further details on the risk management and internal control systems are provided in the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control in the 2021 Annual Report of the Company.	
Explanation for : departure		

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged			
to complete the columns below.			
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application :	Not Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	 The IA function is carried out in-house by the GIAD of HLMG Management Co Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Leong Manufacturing Group Sdn Bhd. The provision of the IA services is part of the shared services of companies within the Hong Leong Manufacturing Group. The purpose, authority, scope, independence and responsibilities 	
	of IA function is provided in the Internal Audit Charter, which is approved by the BARMC.	
	The GIAD, led by the Head of IA, reports to the BARMC which has the authority to decide, among others, the appointment and removal, scope of work, and performance evaluation of the IA function.	
	During FY 2021, the BARMC had approved the GIAD's FY 2021 Audit Plan, reviewed the audit scope plan based on the risk assessment conducted, as well as the GIAD's resource requirements. The GIAD had performed its approved audits as guided by the Internal Audit Charter.	
	The GIAD challenges and adds value to the efficiency, effectiveness and economy of operating companies' operations, usage of assets and resources, and the integrity of management information systems. The IA function is performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care.	
	IA reports are discussed and issued to management for their feedback and to formulate action plans with target implementation dates for improvements. Any resulting salient control concerns are reviewed by the BARMC, and the implementation status of audit recommendations are monitored and reported to the BARMC on a quarterly basis.	
	Further information can be obtained from the Board Audit & Risk Management Committee Report in the 2021 Annual Report of the Company.	
Explanation for departure		

Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.			
Measure :			
Timeframe :			

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest,
 which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application :	Applied	
Explanation on application of the practice	a)	Independence and Objectivity It is a requirement stated in the Internal Audit Charter that all IA personnel have no operational responsibility and authority over the activities of its audits in order to maintain its independence and objectivity. In addition, all the IA personnel had declared to the BARMC that they are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest which would impair their impartiality or objectivity. The GIAD is guided by its Internal Audit Charter which defines the organisational status, accountability, independence and objectivity, responsibilities, the professional proficiency and ethics. The BARMC is responsible for deciding on the appointment, transfer and dismissal of the Head of IA, and to provide oversight on the adequacy of resources. IA Resources There were eleven (11) staff in the GIAD during FY 2021. As for continuous professional development, the IA personnel had kept abreast with developments in the profession, industry and regulations by attending internal and external training courses.

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	c)	Head of IA
		The Head of IA is Mr Teh Boon Ang. He holds the qualifications of Master of Criminal Justice, Certified Fraud Examiner from the Association of Certified Fraud Examiners, the United States of America ("USA"), Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), USA and Advanced Diploma in Commerce. He is a Professional Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors ("IIA") Malaysia and Associate Member of MAICSA.
	d)	IA Framework
	Ма	The GIAD is guided by the International Standards for the Professional Practices Framework issued by the IIA Malaysia and applies appropriate auditing standards in assessing the integrity and effectiveness of internal controls and compliance with the established policies and procedures, and is committed to continuously monitoring and improving the IA function. Ther information can be obtained from the Board Audit & Risk nagement Committee Report in the 2021 Annual Report of the mpany.
		mpany.
Explanation for : departure		
Large companies are require to complete the columns b		o complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
Measure :		
Timeframe :		

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.1

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board acknowledges the importance of regular and effective communication with shareholders and investors. The annual reports, circulars to shareholders, quarterly financial reports and the various announcements made through Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's website during FY 2021, enable shareholders and investors to have an overview of the Group's performance and operation. Additionally, the Company uses its website to provide easy access of relevant information to its shareholders. The Annual General Meeting ("AGM") provides an opportunity to shareholders to seek and clarify any issues and to have a better understanding of the Group's performance. Shareholders are encouraged to meet and communicate with the Board at the AGM and to vote on all resolutions. SM and the external auditors are also available to respond to shareholders' queries during the AGM.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are requoto complete the columns		ed to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged clow.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The information disclosed in the Company's 2021 Annual Report had improved from the previous year with the adoption of more of the principles recommended by International Integrated Reporting Council.
	The Company endeavours to progressively improve on the information included in its annual report towards meeting the guiding principles which underpin integrated reporting.
Explanation for departure	
Large companies are requ to complete the columns	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.
Measure	
Timeframe	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Company despatches its notice of AGM to shareholders at least 28 days before the AGM to enable them to consider the resolutions and make an informed decision in exercising their voting rights at the AGM.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are requ	ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns	pelow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on :	All Directors are committed to attend General Meetings of the
application of the	Company, which are scheduled in advance, save for
practice	unforeseeable circumstances.
	The Chair of Board Committees are aware of their respective
	scope of responsibilities and will respond to questions addressed
	to them at General Meetings.
Explanation for :	
departure	
 	
	red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
to complete the columns b	elow.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	
illicitatiie .	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate—

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at General Meetings.

Application	Applie	ed
Explanation on application of the practice	conduvoting facilities physicand at the R as maguest before who we proxy	Softh AGM of the Company held on 4 November 2020 was ucted in virtual manner through live streaming and online gusing Remote Participation and Electronic Voting ("RPEV") ies. All Directors of the Company attended the said AGM cally at the broadcast venue to engage with shareholders address issues of concern raised by the shareholders. With PEV facilities, shareholders were able to exercise their right embers of the Company to participate (including posing ions to the Board and/or Management of the Company e or during the AGM) and vote at the 59th AGM. Member, was unable to attend the 59th AGM, was able to appoint a or the Chairman of the meeting as his/her proxy to attend GM via RPEV facilities.
Explanation for departure		
Large companies are requ to complete the columns		omplete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged
Measure		
Timeframe		

SECTION B – DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

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